

10/595,934

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NEWS 3 AUG 18 COMPENDEX indexing changed for the Corporate Source
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NEWS 4 AUG 24 ENCOMPLIT/ENCOMPLIT2 reloaded and enhanced
NEWS 5 AUG 24 CA/CAPLUS enhanced with legal status information for
U.S. patents
NEWS 6 SEP 09 50 Millionth Unique Chemical Substance Recorded in
CAS REGISTRY
NEWS 7 SEP 11 WPIDS, WPINDEX, and WPIX now include Japanese FTERM
thesaurus
NEWS 8 OCT 21 Derwent World Patents Index Coverage of Indian and
Taiwanese Content Expanded
NEWS 9 OCT 21 Derwent World Patents Index enhanced with human
translated claims for Chinese Applications and
Utility Models
NEWS 10 OCT 27 Free display of legal status information in CA/CAPLUS,
USPATFULL, and USPAT2 in the month of November.

NEWS EXPRESS MAY 26 09 CURRENT WINDOWS VERSION IS V8.4,
AND CURRENT DISCOVER FILE IS DATED 06 APRIL 2009.

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FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:21:10 ON 03 NOV 2009

=> fil reg

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE
ENTRY

TOTAL
SESSION

10/595,934

FULL ESTIMATED COST

0.22

0.22

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DICTIONARY FILE UPDATES: 1 NOV 2009 HIGHEST RN 1190833-66-9

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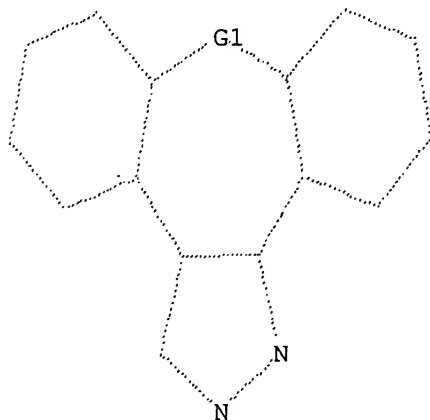
Uploading C:\Program Files\Stnexp\Queries\10595934\Core.str

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED

=> dis

L1 HAS NO ANSWERS

L1 STR



G1 C,S,N

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

=> s l1 sss full

FULL SEARCH INITIATED 11:22:02 FILE 'REGISTRY'

10/595,934

FULL SCREEN SEARCH COMPLETED - 14441 TO ITERATE

100.0% PROCESSED 14441 ITERATIONS
SEARCH TIME: 00.00.01

94 ANSWERS

L2 94 SEA SSS FUL L1

=> fil hcap

COST IN U.S. DOLLARS

SINCE FILE

TOTAL

ENTRY

SESSION

FULL ESTIMATED COST

185.88

186.10

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:22:08 ON 03 NOV 2009

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FILE COVERS 1907 - 3 Nov 2009 VOL 151 ISS 19

FILE LAST UPDATED: 2 Nov 2009 (20091102/ED)

REVISED CLASS FIELDS (/NCL) LAST RELOADED: Aug 2009

USPTO MANUAL OF CLASSIFICATIONS THESAURUS ISSUE DATE: Aug 2009

HCAPLUS now includes complete International Patent Classification (IPC) reclassification data for the third quarter of 2009.

CAS Information Use Policies apply and are available at:

<http://www.cas.org/legal/infopolicy.html>

This file contains CAS Registry Numbers for easy and accurate substance identification.

During November, try the new LSUS format of legal status information in the CA/CAPLUS family databases for free! Complete details on the number of free displays and other databases participating in this offer appear in NEWS 10.

=> 12

L3 16 L2

=> 13 and neurotransmitter

50218 NEUROTRANSMITTER

27509 NEUROTRANSMITTERS

62651 NEUROTRANSMITTER

(NEUROTRANSMITTER OR NEUROTRANSMITTERS)

L4 1 L3 AND NEUROTRANSMITTER

=> 13 and CNS

10/595,934

46425 CNS

1 CNSES

46426 CNS

(CNS OR CNSES)

L5 1 L3 AND CNS

=> d l3 ibib abs hitstr 1-16

L3 ANSWER 1 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2006:595313 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 145:396897

TITLE: Theoretical study on the reaction mechanism of
bis-addition of methyl azide to C60 (II)

AUTHOR(S): Zhuang, Xuxia; Yang, Zuoyin; Zhang, Jingchang; Cao,
Weiliang

CORPORATE SOURCE: State Key Laboratory of Chemical Resource Engineering,
Faculty of Science, Beijing University of Chemical
Technology, Beijing, 100029, Peop. Rep. China

SOURCE: THEOCHEM (2006), 765(1-3), 53-59

CODEN: THEODJ; ISSN: 0166-1280

PUBLISHER: Elsevier B.V.

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

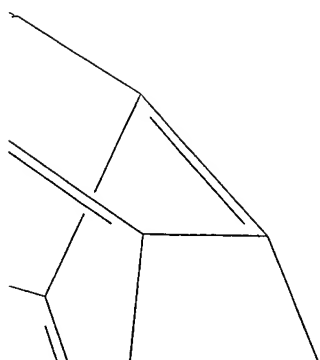
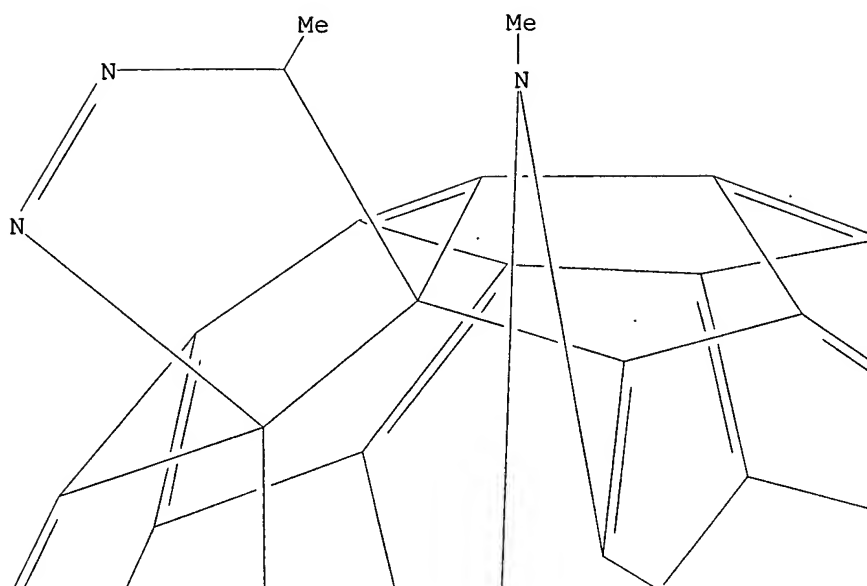
AB The processes of 1,3-dipolar cycloaddn. (1,3-DC) of Me azide to
azafulleroid (C60NCH3) were studied by using AM1 semi-empirical and d.
functional methods. Based on the charge distributions of the reagents,
there are four most possible modes for Me azide to attack the double bonds
of C60NCH3. In each case, N2 extrusion takes place via two steps, which
is consequent upon the formation of a triazoline intermediate. The first
step is the breaking of a N-N single bond, and the second one undergoes
the liberation of a N2 mol. with the simultaneous formation of a new C-N
bond. Three bisazafulleroid isomers would be produced through the four
reaction paths, one of which has two N atoms bonded to two neighboring
open 5-6 junctions of the same pentagon, and the other two have their N
atoms bonded to the alternate open 5-6 junctions around the same pentagon
and the same hexagon, resp. Because of the interlacements of their
corresponding energy barriers in the rate-controlling steps, interaction
energies and the apparent active energies, the four reaction modes will
all possibly occur in principle.

IT 911482-51-4

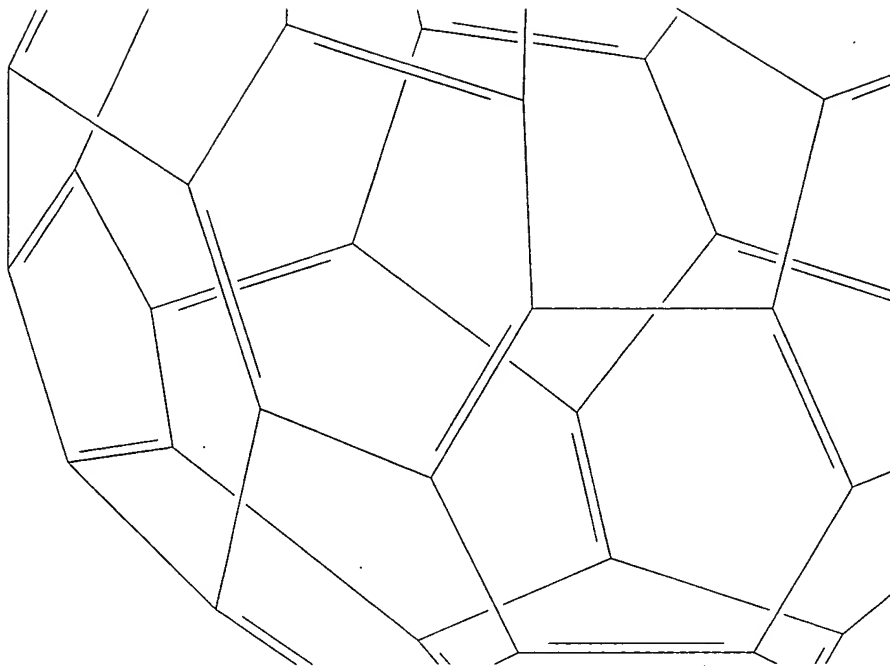
RL: CPS (Chemical process); FMU (Formation, unclassified); PEP (Physical,
engineering or chemical process); PRP (Properties); RCT (Reactant); FORM
(Formation, nonpreparative); PROC (Process); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(mechanistic reaction intermediate; theor. study on reaction mechanism
of bis-addition of Me azide to C60)

RN 911482-51-4 HCAPLUS

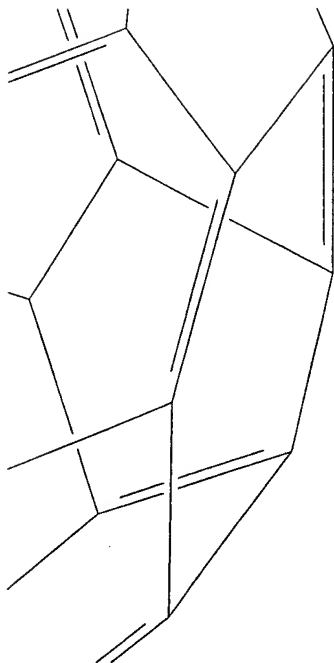
CN 5'H-2a-Aza-1,2(2a)-homo[5,6]fullereno-C60-1h-[11,10-c]pyrazole,
2a,5'-dimethyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



PAGE 2-A



PAGE 2-B



PAGE 3-A

PAGE 3-B

OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(1 CITINGS)
REFERENCE COUNT: 34 THERE ARE 34 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 2 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
ACCESSION NUMBER: 2005:471942 HCAPLUS
DOCUMENT NUMBER: 143:13341
TITLE: 1,2-Diazadibenzo[e,h]azulene pharmaceuticals for the
treatment of central nervous system diseases
INVENTOR(S): Mercep, Mladen; Mesic, Milan; Pesic, Dijana
PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pliva-Istrazivacki Institut D.O.O., Croatia
SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 42 pp.
CODEN: PIXXD2
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
LANGUAGE: English
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2005049015	A1	20050602	WO 2004-HR53	20041119
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BW, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, EG, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, NA, NI, NO, NZ, OM, PG, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SC, SD, SE, SG, SK, SL, SY, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, US, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: BW, GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, NA, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IS, IT, LU, MC, NL, PL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2546590	A1	20050602	CA 2004-2546590	20041119
EP 1686989	A1	20060809	EP 2004-798732	20041119
EP 1686989	B1	20090114		
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CN 1901904	A	20070124	CN 2004-80038551	20041119
JP 2007512307	T	20070517	JP 2006-540630	20041119
AT 420637	T	20090115	AT 2004-798732	20041119
ES 2320229	T3	20090520	ES 2004-798732	20041119

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IN 2006CN02230	A	20070608	IN 2006-CN2230	20060621
US 20070173492	A1	20070726	US 2006-595934	20060811
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			HR 2003-956	A 20031121
			WO 2004-HR53	W 20041119

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 143:13341

AB The present invention relates to the use of compds. from the group of 1,2-diazadibenzo[e,h]azulenes and of their salts and solvates for the manufacture of a pharmaceutical formulation for the treatment of diseases, damages and disorders of the central nervous system (CNS) caused by disorders of the neurochem. equilibrium of biogenic amines or other neurotransmitters. Thus, a diazadibenzo[e,h]azulene reduced the CNS disorder induced by m-CPP.

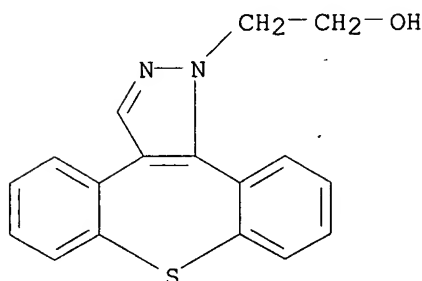
IT 629653-99-2 629654-01-9 629654-03-1
629654-05-3 629654-09-7 629654-10-0
629654-11-1 629654-12-2 629654-15-5
629654-16-6 629654-23-5 629654-24-6
629654-25-7 629654-26-8 629654-27-9
629654-28-0

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); USES (Uses)

(diazadibenzoazulene pharmaceuticals for the treatment of central nervous system diseases)

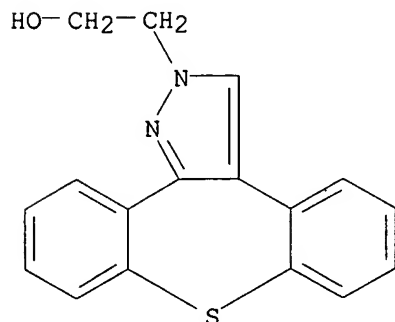
RN 629653-99-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole-1-ethanol (CA INDEX NAME)



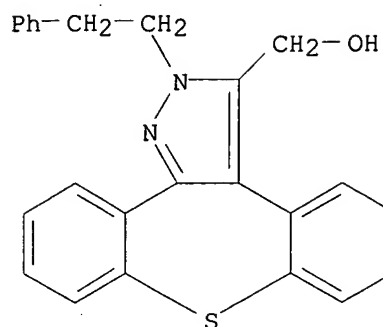
RN 629654-01-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole-2-ethanol (CA INDEX NAME)

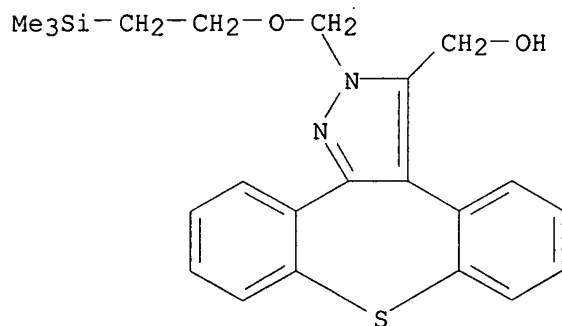


RN 629654-03-1 HCAPLUS

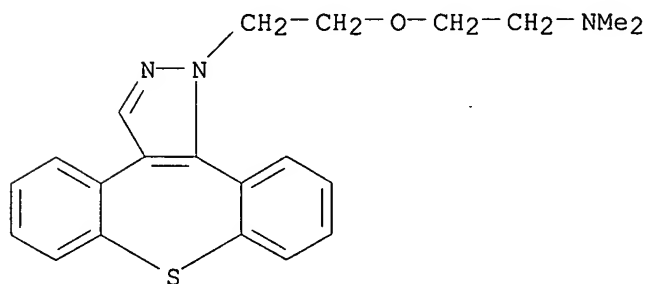
CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole-3-methanol, 2-(2-phenylethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 629654-05-3 HCAPLUS
 CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole-3-methanol,
 2-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

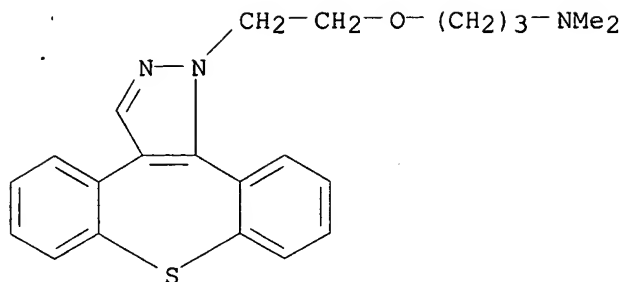


RN 629654-09-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Ethanamine, 2-[[2-(1H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-1-yl)ethoxy]-
 N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

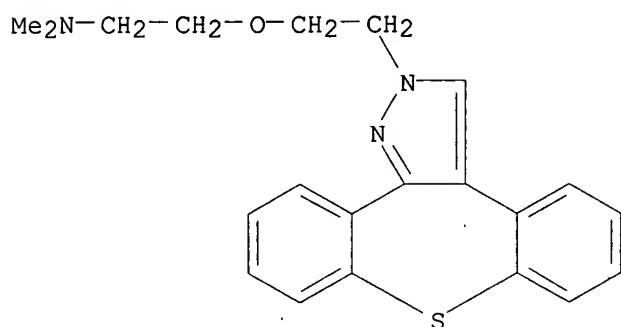


RN 629654-10-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propanamine, 3-[[2-(1H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-1-yl)ethoxy]-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

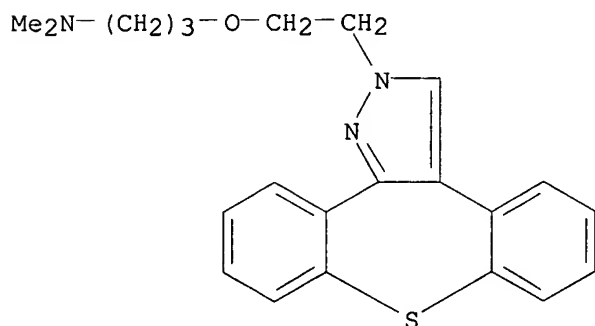
10/595,934



RN 629654-11-1 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanamine, 2-[2-(2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-2-yl)ethoxy]-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

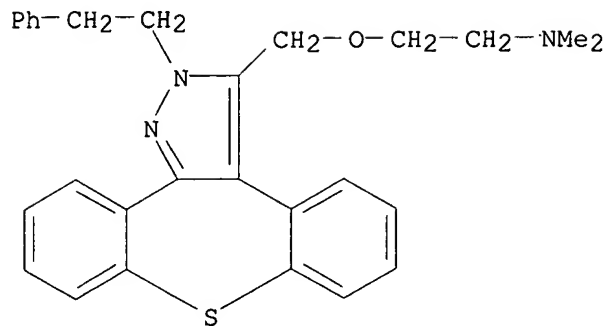


RN 629654-12-2 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanamine, 3-[2-(2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-2-yl)ethoxy]-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

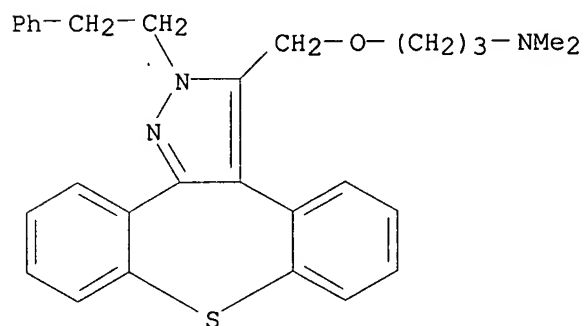


RN 629654-15-5 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanamine, N,N-dimethyl-2-[[2-(2-phenylethyl)-2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-3-yl]methoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

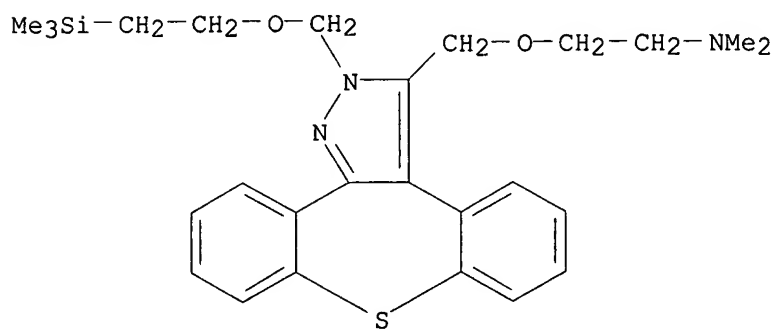
10/595,934



RN 629654-16-6 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanamine, N,N-dimethyl-3-[[2-(2-phenylethyl)-2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepin-3-yl]methoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 629654-23-5 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanamine, N,N-dimethyl-2-[[2-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]-2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepin-3-yl]methoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

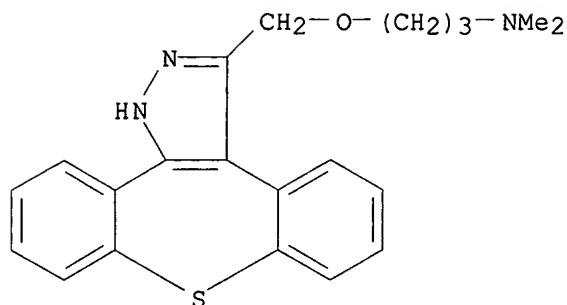


RN 629654-24-6 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanamine, 2-(1H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepin-3-ylmethoxy)-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

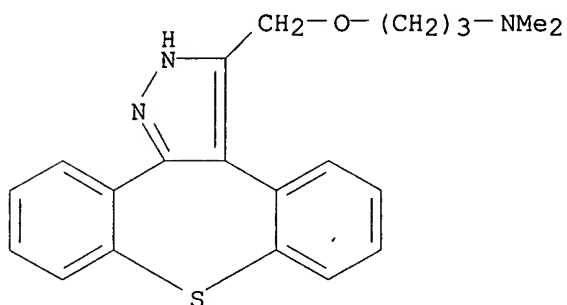
Chemical structure of compound 10: A 1,2,3,4-tetrahydronaphthalene derivative with a sulfur atom at the 1-position and a 2,3-dihydro-1H-imidazole ring at the 2-position. The imidazole ring is substituted with a 2-(dimethylamino)ethoxy group ($\text{CH}_2\text{--O--CH}_2\text{--CH}_2\text{--NMe}_2$) at the 4-position.

Chemical structure of a fluorene derivative. The fluorene core is substituted at the 9-position with a 2-(trimethylsilyl)ethyl group ($\text{Me}_3\text{Si}-\text{CH}_2-\text{CH}_2-\text{O}-\text{CH}_2-$) and at the 2-position with a 3-(dimethylamino)propyl group ($-\text{CH}_2-\text{O}-(\text{CH}_2)_3-\text{NMe}_2$).

Page 12



RN 629654-28-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propanamine, 3-(2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-3-ylmethoxy)-
 N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



REFERENCE COUNT: 6 THERE ARE 6 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 3 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2004:202758 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 142:176618

TITLE: Product subclass 6: benzazepines and their group 15
 analogues

AUTHOR(S): Meigh, J.-P. K.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Germany

SOURCE: Science of Synthesis (2004), 17, 825-927

CODEN: SSCYJ9

PUBLISHER: Georg Thieme Verlag

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal; General Review

LANGUAGE: English

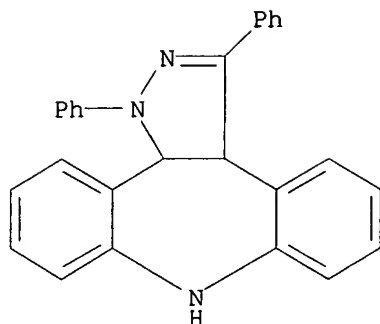
AB A review. Methods for preparing benzazepines and their Group 15 analogs are
 reviewed including cyclization, ring transformation, aromatization and
 substituent modification.

IT 85008-85-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of benzazepine and their Group 15 analogs via cyclization, ring
 transformation, aromatization and substituent modification)

RN 85008-85-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine, 1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1,3-diphenyl-
 (CA INDEX NAME)



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (2 CITINGS)
 REFERENCE COUNT: 234 THERE ARE 234 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

→ L3 ANSWER 4 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 2003:951029 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 140:16724
 TITLE: Preparation of 1,2-Diazadibenzoazulenes as tumor. necrosis factor inhibitors
 INVENTOR(S): Mercep, Mladen; Mesic, Milan; Pesic, Dijana
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Pliva D.D., Croatia; Pliva Istrazivacki Inst. D.O.O.
 SOURCE: PCT Int. Appl., 51 pp.
 CODEN: PIXXD2
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: English
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
WO 2003099822	A2	20031204	WO 2003-HR22	20030520
WO 2003099822	A3	20050929		
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RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, HU, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, RO, SE, SI, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
CA 2487015	A1	20031204	CA 2003-2487015	20030520
AU 2003232368	A1	20031212	AU 2003-232368	20030520
CN 1671712	A	20050921	CN 2003-816704	20030520
EP 1587807	A2	20051026	EP 2003-755234	20030520
EP 1587807	A3	20051116		
EP 1587807	B1	20080618		
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JP 2006500322	T	20060105	JP 2004-507479	20030520
AT 398621	T	20080715	AT 2003-755234	20030520
ES 2306888	T3	20081116	ES 2003-755234	20030520

10/595,934

IN 2004CN02879

US 20050209296

US 7550498

A 20060217

A1 20050922

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IN 2004-CN2879

US 2005-515709

20041217

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PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:

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A 20020523

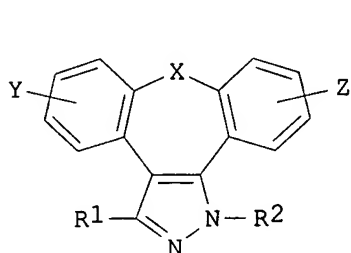
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W 20030520

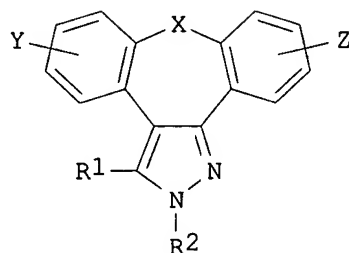
OTHER SOURCE(S):

MARPAT 140:16724

GI



I



II

AB The present invention relates to 1,2-diazadibenzoazulene derivs. I and II [X = CH₂, O, S, SO, SO₂, NR; Y, Z = independently halo, C1-4 alkyl, C2-4 alkenyl, C2-4 alkynyl, halo-C1-4 alkyl, OH, C1-4 alkoxy, CF₃CO, 1-4 alkanoyl, amino, amino-C1-4 alkyl, N-(C1-4 alkyl)amino, N,N-di(C1-4 alkyl)amino, SH, C1-4 alkylthio, SO₂, C1-4 alkylsulfonyl, SO, C1-4 alkylsulfinyl, CO₂H, C1-4 alkoxy, CN, NO₂; R = H, protecting group; R1 = halo, (un)substituted heteroaryl or heterocycle, OH, C1-7 alkoxy, aryloxy, amino, (CH₂)_mQ1(CH₂)_nQ2NR₃R₄, etc.; R2 = H, (un)substituted 1-7 alkyl, aryl, protecting group, CHO, 1-7 alkanoyl, C1-7 alkoxy, aroyl, arylalkyl, etc; R₃, R₄ = H, C1-4 alkyl, aryl; NR₃R₄ = (un)substituted heterocycle, heteroaryl; n, m = 0-3; Q1, Q2 = O, S, CY1Y2, NY1, CY1:CH, C.tplbond.C; Y1, Y2 = H, halo, (un)substituted C1-4 alkyl, aryl, OH, C1-4 alkoxy, etc.] to their pharmacol. acceptable salts and solvates, to processes and intermediates for the preparation thereof as well as to their antiinflammatory actions, especially to the inhibition of

tumor

necrosis factor- α (TNF- α) production and the inhibition of interleukin-1 (IL-1) production as well as to their analgetic action. Thus, 2-(8-Oxa-1,2-diazadibenzo[e,h]azulen-1-yl)ethanol and 2-(8-Oxa-1,2-diazadibenzo[e,h]azulen-2-yl)ethanol were prepared and isolated by reacting 1,1-dimethylaminomethylene-1H-dibenzo[b,f]oxepin-10-one with ethanol hydrazine at a temperature 0-5°C in ethanol for 2 h.

IT 629653-82-3P 629653-85-6P 629653-88-9P

629653-90-3P 629653-93-6P 629653-96-9P

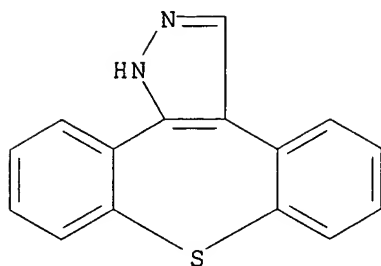
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(in preparation of 1,2-diaza-dibenzoazulene derivs. as inhibitors of tumor necrosis factor)

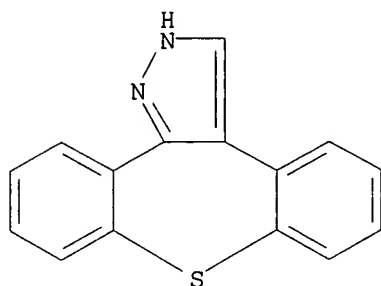
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CN 1H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepine[4,5-c]pyrazole (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

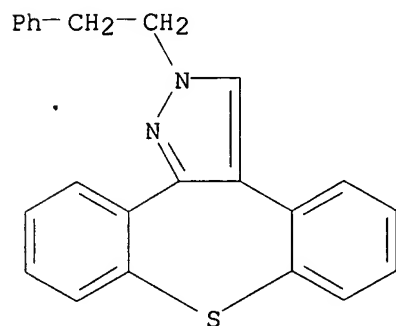
10/595,934



RN 629653-85-6 HCAPLUS
CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole (CA INDEX NAME) .

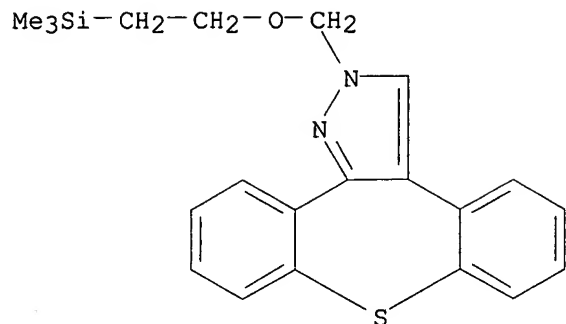


RN 629653-88-9 HCAPLUS
CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole, 2-(2-phenylethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



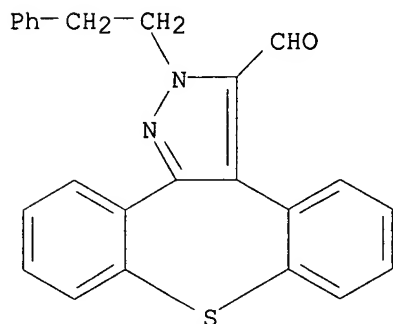
RN 629653-90-3 HCAPLUS
CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole,
2-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

10/595,934



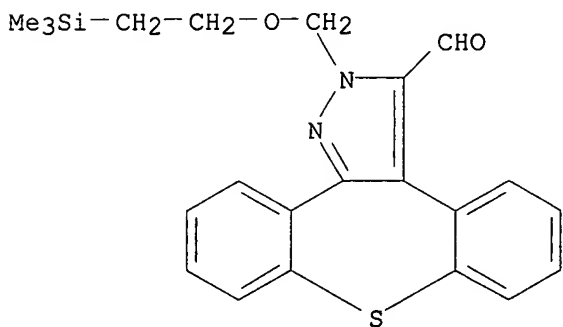
RN 629653-93-6 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole-3-carboxaldehyde,
2-(2-phenylethyl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 629653-96-9 HCAPLUS

CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole-3-carboxaldehyde,
2-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



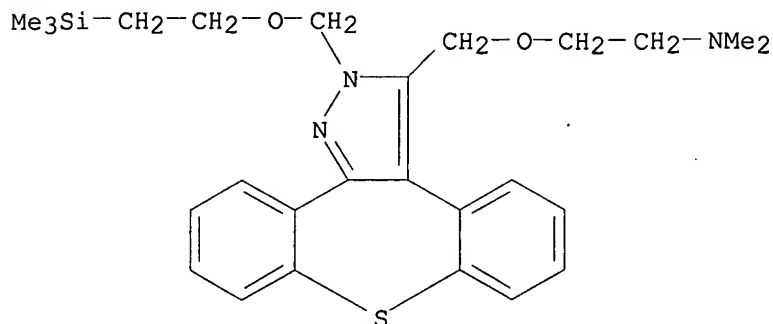
IT 629654-23-5P 629654-26-8P

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent); USES (Uses)
(preparation of 1,2-diaza-dibenzoazulene derivs. as inhibitors of tumor necrosis factor)

RN 629654-23-5 HCAPLUS

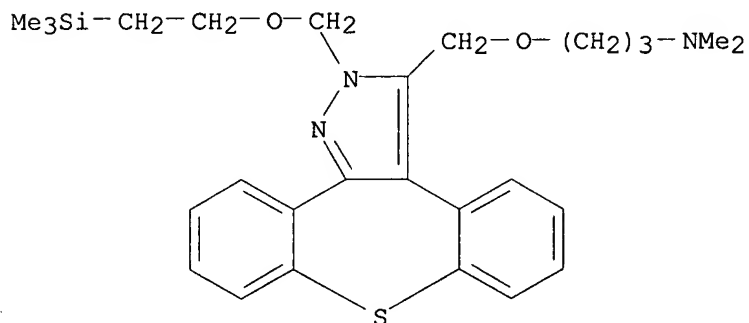
10/595,934

CN Ethanamine, N,N-dimethyl-2-[[2-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl]-2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-3-yl]methoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 629654-26-8 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanamine, N,N-dimethyl-3-[[2-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy)methyl]-2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-3-yl]methoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)



IT 629653-99-2P 629654-01-9P 629654-03-1P
629654-05-3P 629654-09-7P 629654-10-0P
629654-11-1P 629654-12-2P 629654-15-5P
629654-16-6P 629654-24-6P 629654-25-7P
629654-27-9P 629654-28-0P

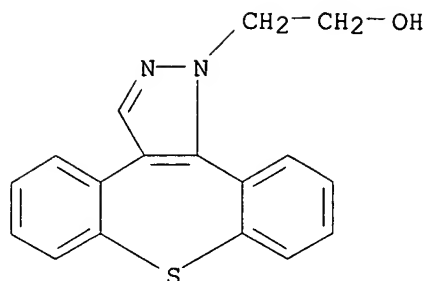
RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of 1,2-diaza-dibenzoazulene derivs. as inhibitors of tumor necrosis factor)

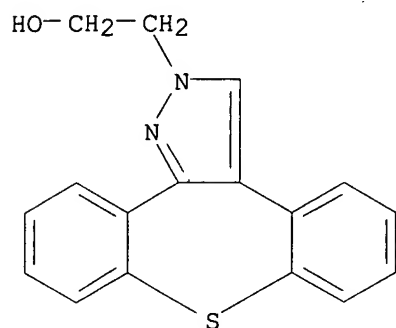
RN 629653-99-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole-1-ethanol (CA INDEX NAME)

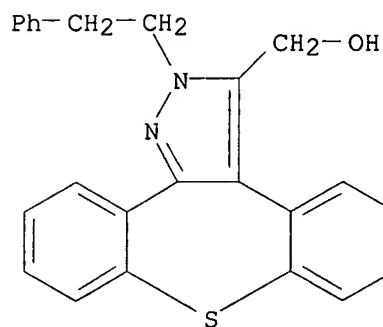
10/595,934



RN 629654-01-9 HCAPLUS
CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole-2-ethanol (CA INDEX NAME)

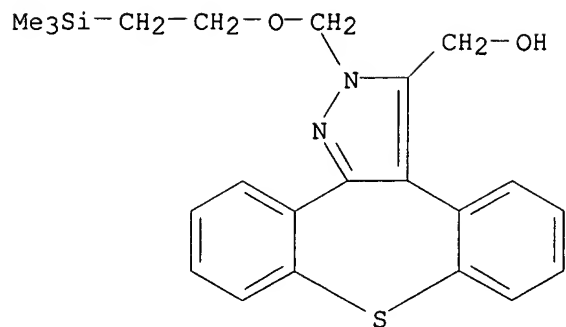


RN 629654-03-1 HCAPLUS
CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole-3-methanol, 2-(2-phenylethyl)-
(CA INDEX NAME)

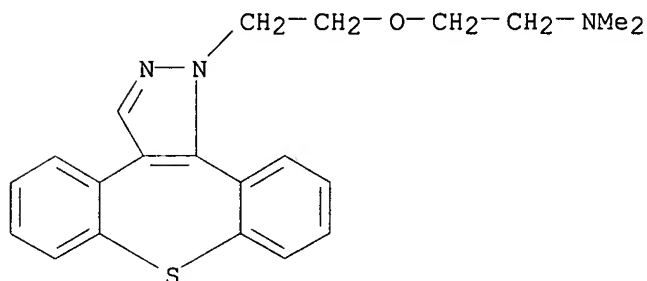


RN 629654-05-3 HCAPLUS
CN 2H-Dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazole-3-methanol,
2-[[2-(trimethylsilyl)ethoxy]methyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)

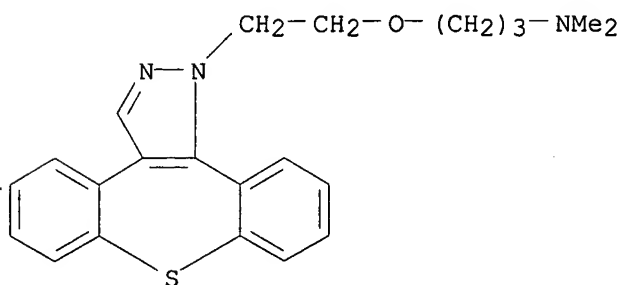
10/595,934



RN 629654-09-7 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanamine, 2-[2-(1H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepine[4,5-c]pyrazol-1-yl)ethoxy]-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

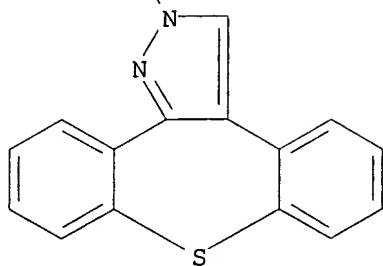
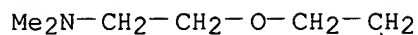


RN 629654-10-0 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanamine, 3-[2-(1H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepine[4,5-c]pyrazol-1-yl)ethoxy]-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



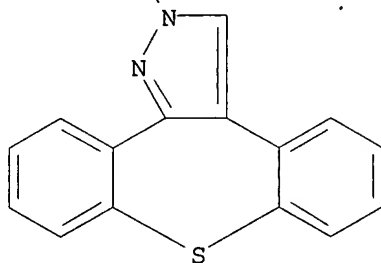
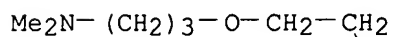
RN 629654-11-1 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanamine, 2-[2-(2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepine[4,5-c]pyrazol-2-yl)ethoxy]-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

10/595,934



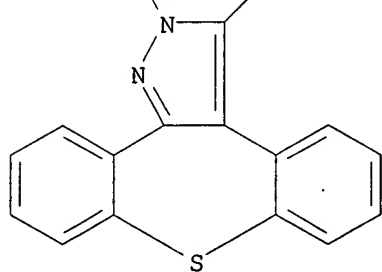
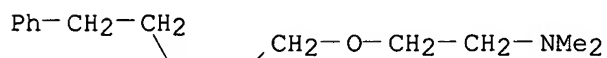
RN 629654-12-2 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanamine, 3-[2-(2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-2-yl)ethoxy]-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 629654-15-5 HCAPLUS

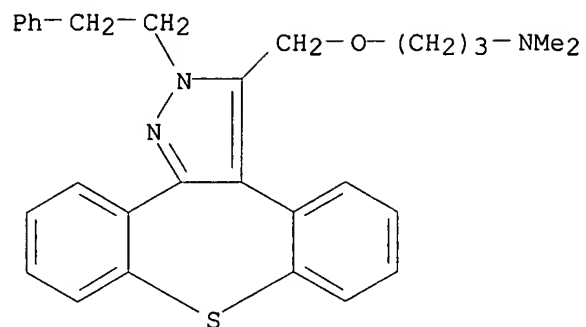
CN Ethanamine, N,N-dimethyl-2-[[2-(2-phenylethyl)-2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-3-yl]methoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)



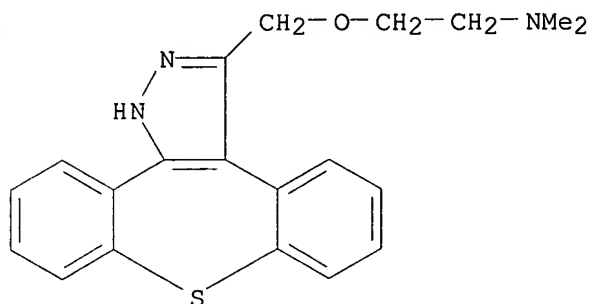
RN 629654-16-6 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Propanamine, N,N-dimethyl-3-[[2-(2-phenylethyl)-2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-3-yl]methoxy]- (CA INDEX NAME)

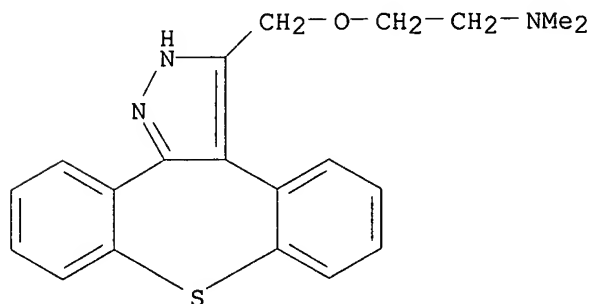
10/595,934



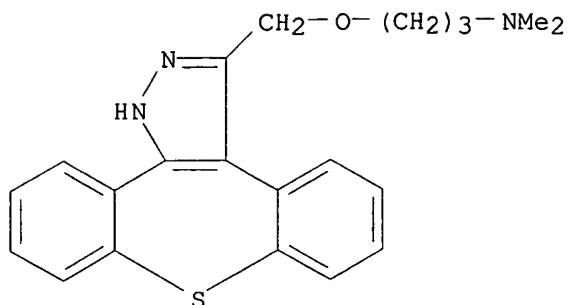
RN 629654-24-6 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanamine, 2-(1H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-3-ylmethoxy)-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



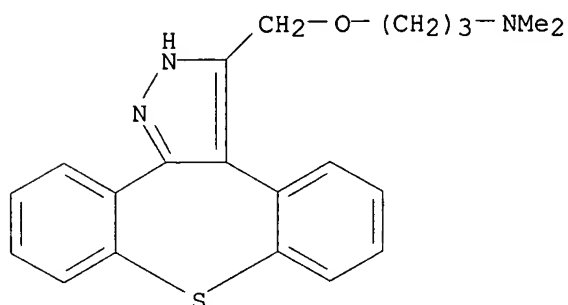
RN 629654-25-7 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanamine, 2-(2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-3-ylmethoxy)-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 629654-27-9 HCAPLUS
CN 1-Propanamine, 3-(1H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-3-ylmethoxy)-N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 629654-28-0 HCAPLUS
 CN 1-Propanamine, 3-(2H-dibenzo[2,3:6,7]thiepino[4,5-c]pyrazol-3-ylmethoxy)-
 N,N-dimethyl- (CA INDEX NAME)



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 5 THERE ARE 5 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
 (5 CITINGS)
 REFERENCE COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CITED REFERENCES AVAILABLE FOR THIS
 RECORD. ALL CITATIONS AVAILABLE IN THE RE FORMAT

L3 ANSWER 5 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 2002:928245 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 138:14055

TITLE: Preparation of substituted thioacetamides for
 treatment of sleep disorders

INVENTOR(S): Bacon, Edward R.; Chatterjee, Sankar; Dunn, Derek;
 Mallamo, John P.; Miller, Matthew S.; Tripathy,
 Rabindranath; Vaught, Jeffry L.

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Cephalon, Inc., USA

SOURCE: U.S. Pat. Appl: Publ., 52 pp., Cont.-in-part of U.S.
 Ser. No. 855,228.

CODEN: USXXCO

DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: English

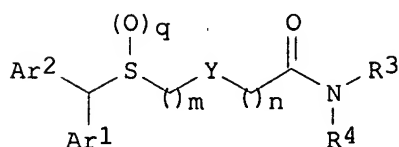
FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 2

PATENT INFORMATION:

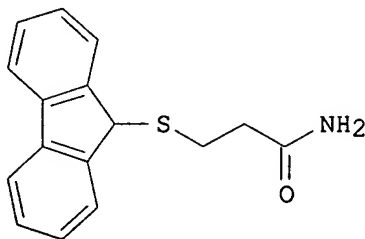
PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
US 20020183334	A1	20021205	US 2001-14645	20011026
US 6670358	B2	20031230		
US 20020045629	A1	20020418	US 2001-855228	20010515
US 6492396	B2	20021210		

CA 2462206	A1	20030508	CA 2002-2462206	20021025
WO 2003037853	A1	20030508	WO 2002-US34188	20021025
W: AE, AG, AL, AM, AT, AU, AZ, BA, BB, BG, BR, BY, BZ, CA, CH, CN, CO, CR, CU, CZ, DE, DK, DM, DZ, EC, EE, ES, FI, GB, GD, GE, GH, GM, HR, HU, ID, IL, IN, IS, JP, KE, KG, KP, KR, KZ, LC, LK, LR, LS, LT, LU, LV, MA, MD, MG, MK, MN, MW, MX, MZ, NO, NZ, OM, PH, PL, PT, RO, RU, SD, SE, SG, SI, SK, SL, TJ, TM, TN, TR, TT, TZ, UA, UG, UZ, VC, VN, YU, ZA, ZM, ZW				
RW: GH, GM, KE, LS, MW, MZ, SD, SL, SZ, TZ, UG, ZM, ZW, AM, AZ, BY, KG, KZ, MD, RU, TJ, TM, AT, BE, BG, CH, CY, CZ, DE, DK, EE, ES, FI, FR, GB, GR, IE, IT, LU, MC, NL, PT, SE, SK, TR, BF, BJ, CF, CG, CI, CM, GA, GN, GQ, GW, ML, MR, NE, SN, TD, TG				
AU 2002349923	A1	20030512	AU 2002-349923	20021025
AU 2002349923	B2	20080911		
EP 1438288	A1	20040721	EP 2002-786511	20021025
EP 1438288	B1	20090429		
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BR 2002013540	A	20041019	BR 2002-13540	20021025
CN 1575279	A	20050202	CN 2002-821229	20021025
JP 2005507938	T	20050324	JP 2003-540136	20021025
JP 4351533	B2	20091028		
NZ 532386	A	20071221	NZ 2002-532386	20021025
AT 430129	T	20090515	AT 2002-786511	20021025
ES 2324024	T3	20090729	ES 2002-786511	20021025
IN 2002KN01385	A	20040515	IN 2002-KN1385	20021111
ZA 2002009278	A	20040216	ZA 2002-9278	20021114
US 20040116445	A1	20040617	US 2003-716238	20031118
US 6919367	B2	20050719		
MX 2004003796	A	20040730	MX 2004-3796	20040422
ZA 2004003097	A	20050531	ZA 2004-3097	20040422
NO 2004001689	A	20040423	NO 2004-1689	20040423
IN 2004KN00538	A	20060414	IN 2004-KN538	20040423
US 39575	E1	20070417	US 2004-996325	20041123
US 20050192313	A1	20050901	US 2005-116755	20050428
US 7268132	B2	20070911		
US 20080027228	A1	20080131	US 2007-825079	20070703
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			US 2000-204789P	P 20000516
			US 2001-268283P	P 20010213
			US 2001-855228	A2 20010515
			US 2001-14645	A 20011026
			WO 2002-US34188	W 20021025
			US 2003-716238	A1 20031118
			US 2005-116755	A3 20050428

OTHER SOURCE(S): MARPAT 138:14055
GI



I



II

AB Title compds. I [Arl-2 = (hetero)aryl; Y = alkylene, alkyl, (hetero)arylene, cycloalkylene, O, SOO-2, etc.; R3-4 = H, alkyl, OH, etc.; m, n = 0-3; q = 0-2] were prepared. For instance, thiourea and 9-hydroxyfluorene were reacted (HBraq, 100-105°, 30 min) to afford the corresponding thiouronium salt. This was treated with NaOHaq and 3-bromopropionic acid to afford the sulfide-carboxylic acid and subsequently treated with SOCl2/NH4OH to give II. Selected example compds. possessed wake-promoting activity (rats). I are useful in the treatment of sleep disorders, Parkinson's disease, etc.

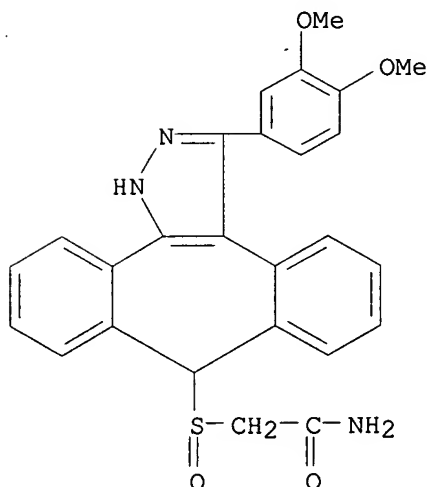
IT **477727-99-4P**

RL: PAC (Pharmacological activity); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)

(preparation of substituted thioacetamides for treatment of sleep disorders)

RN 477727-99-4 HCAPLUS

CN Acetamide, 2-[[3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,8-dihydrodibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2]pyrazol-8-yl]sulfinyl]- (CA INDEX NAME)



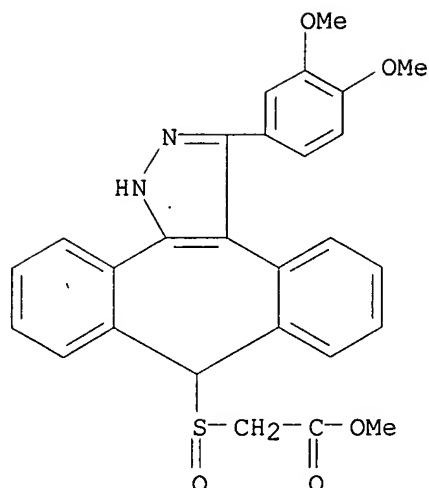
IT **477728-19-1P**

RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)

(preparation of substituted thioacetamides for treatment of sleep disorders)

RN 477728-19-1. HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, 2-[[3-(3,4-dimethoxyphenyl)-1,8-dihydrodibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2]pyrazol-8-yl]sulfinyl]-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 3 THERE ARE 3 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(5 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 6 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1988:630883 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 109:230883

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 109:38185a,38188a

TITLE: Synthesis of 1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydrodibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine derivatives

AUTHOR(S): Schulz, Hans Joachim; Jugelt, Werner; Grubert, Lutz
CORPORATE SOURCE: Sekt. Chem., Humboldt-Univ., Berlin, DDR-1040, Ger.
Dem. Rep.

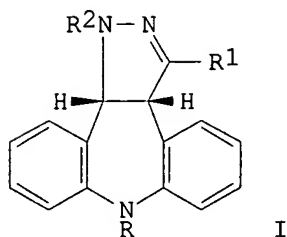
SOURCE: Zeitschrift fuer Chemie (1988), 28(5), 181-2
CODEN: ZECEAL; ISSN: 0044-2402

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: German

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 109:230883

GI



AB The title compds. I [R = H, Me, Ac, CONH2, COCl; R1 = Ph, Ac, CO2Me, Me, 4-ClC6H4, 4-MeOC6H4; R2 = Ph, 4-MeC6H4, 2,4-(O2N)2C6H3] were obtained by reaction of the dibenzazepines with R1CCl:NNHR2.

IT 117600-87-0P 117600-88-1P 117600-89-2P
117600-90-5P 117600-91-6P 117600-92-7P
117600-93-8P 117600-94-9P 117600-95-0P
117600-96-1P 117600-97-2P 117600-98-3P
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10/595,934

117601-02-2P 117601-03-3P 117601-04-4P

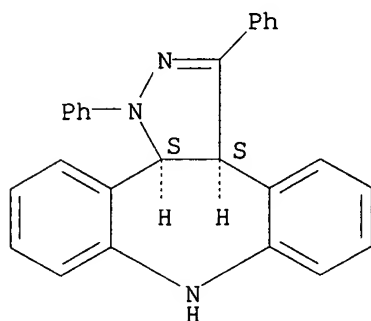
117601-05-5P 117601-06-6P 117601-07-7P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 117600-87-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine, 1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1,3-diphenyl-,
cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

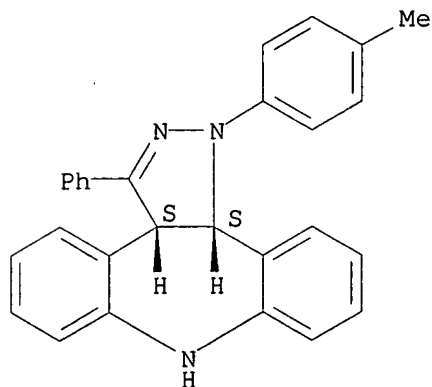
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117600-88-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine,
1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1-(4-methylphenyl)-3-phenyl-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX
NAME)

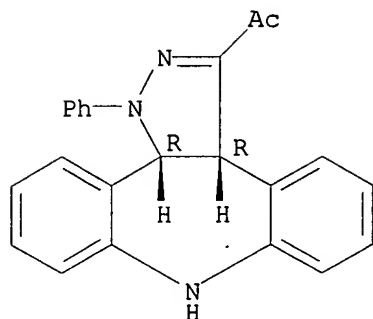
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117600-89-2 HCAPLUS

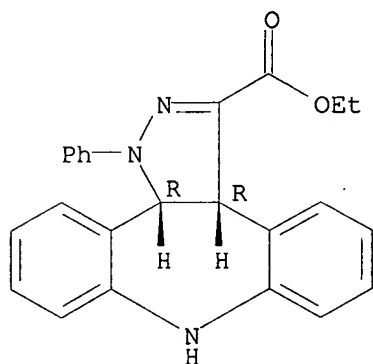
CN Ethanone, 1-(1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1-phenyldibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-
d]azepin-3-yl)-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



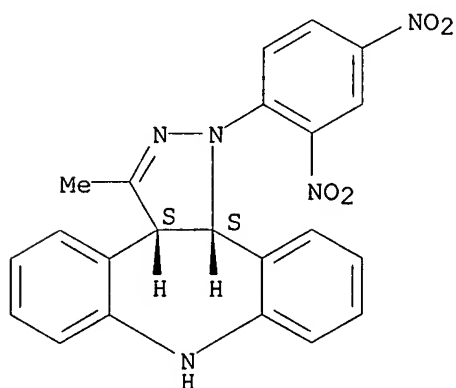
RN 117600-90-5 HCAPLUS
 CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-3-carboxylic acid,
 1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1-phenyl-, ethyl ester, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117600-91-6 HCAPLUS
 CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine,
 1-(2,4-dinitrophenyl)-1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-3-methyl-, cis- (9CI) (CA
 INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

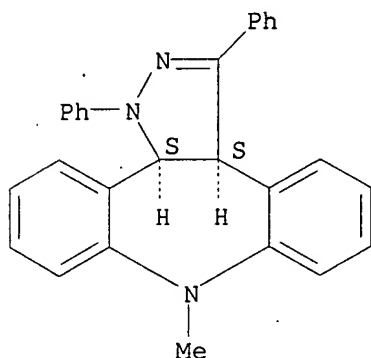


RN 117600-92-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine,

10/595,934

1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-8-methyl-1,3-diphenyl-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

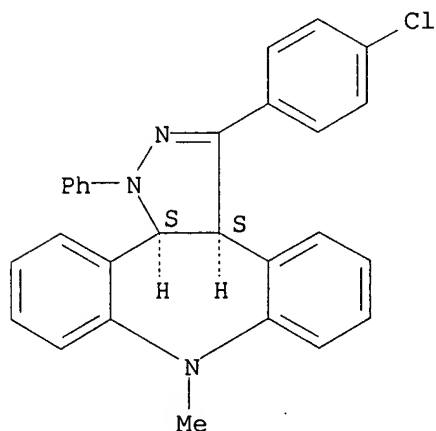
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117600-93-8 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine,
3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-8-methyl-1-phenyl-, cis- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

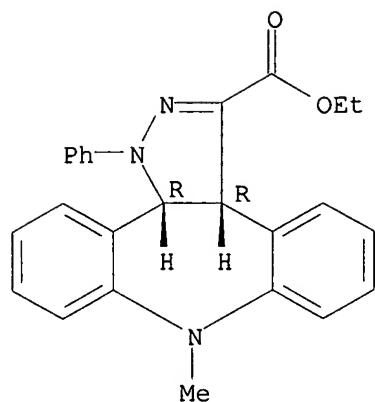
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117600-94-9 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-3-carboxylic acid,
1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-8-methyl-1-phenyl-, ethyl ester, cis- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

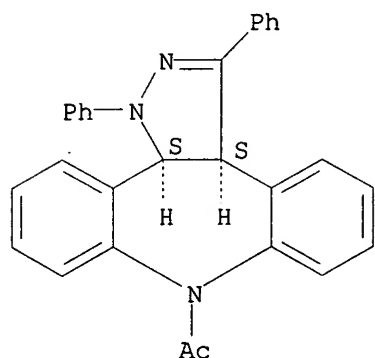
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117600-95-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine,
8-acetyl-1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1,3-diphenyl-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

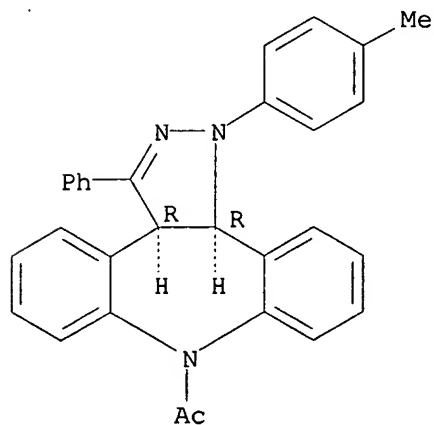
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117600-96-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine,
8-acetyl-1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1-(4-methylphenyl)-3-phenyl-, cis- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

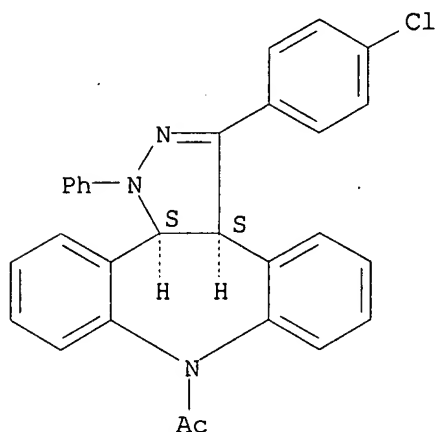
Relative stereochemistry.



10/595,934

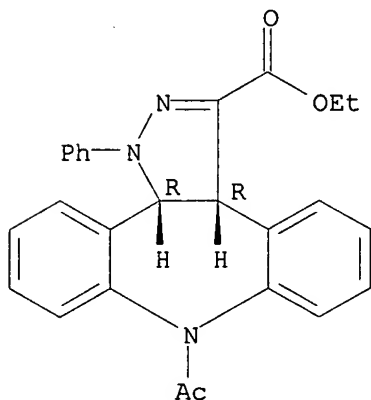
RN 117600-97-2 HCAPLUS
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine,
8-acetyl-3-(4-chlorophenyl)-1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1-phenyl-, cis- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117600-98-3 HCAPLUS
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-3-carboxylic acid,
8-acetyl-1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1-phenyl-, ethyl ester, cis- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)

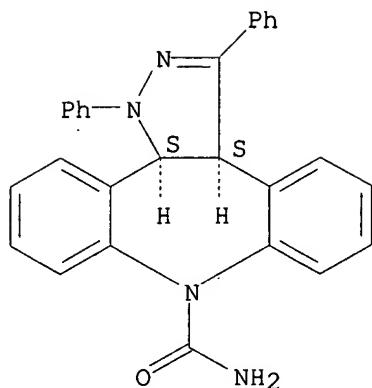
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117600-99-4 HCAPLUS
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-8(1H)-carboxamide,
3a,12b-dihydro-1,3-diphenyl-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

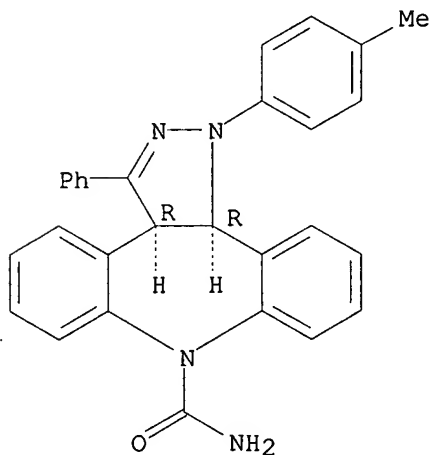
10/595,934



RN 117601-00-0 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-8(1H)-carboxamide,
3a,12b-dihydro-1-(4-methylphenyl)-3-phenyl-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

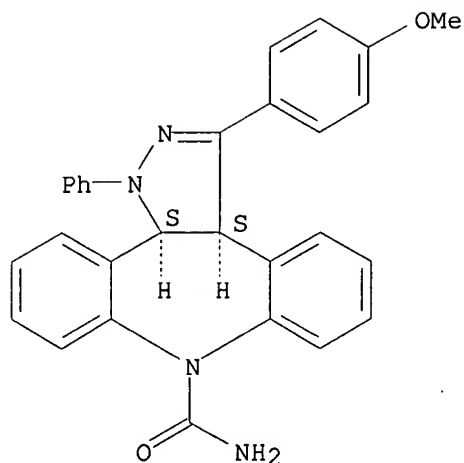


RN 117601-01-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-8(1H)-carboxamide,
3a,12b-dihydro-3-(4-methoxyphenyl)-1-phenyl-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

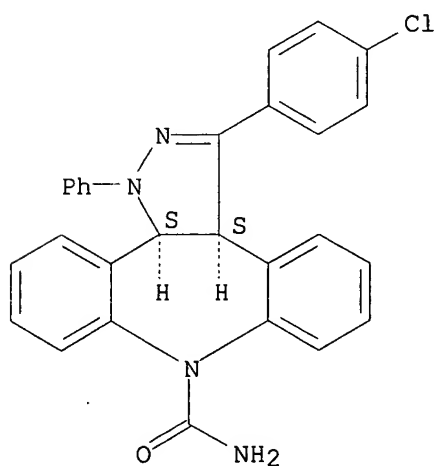
10/595,934



RN 117601-02-2 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-8(1H)-carboxamide,
3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3a,12b-dihydro-1-phenyl-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

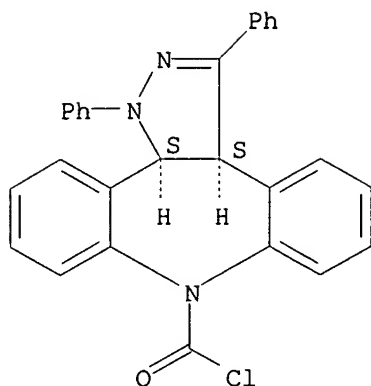


RN 117601-03-3 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-8(1H)-carbonyl chloride,
3a,12b-dihydro-1,3-diphenyl-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

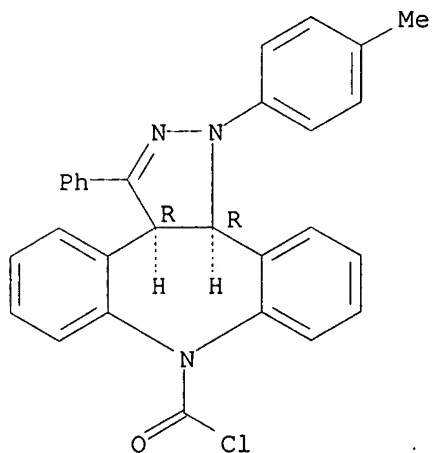
10/595,934



RN 117601-04-4 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-8(1H)-carbonyl chloride,
3a,12b-dihydro-1-(4-methylphenyl)-3-phenyl-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

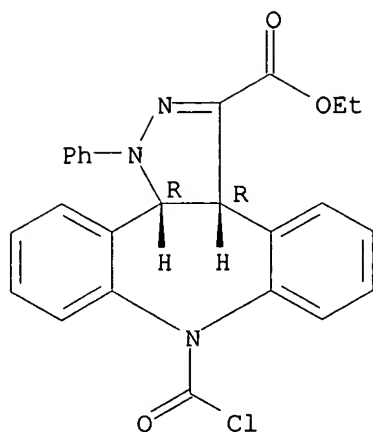
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117601-05-5 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-3-carboxylic acid,
8-(chlorocarbonyl)-1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1-phenyl-, ethyl ester, cis-
(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

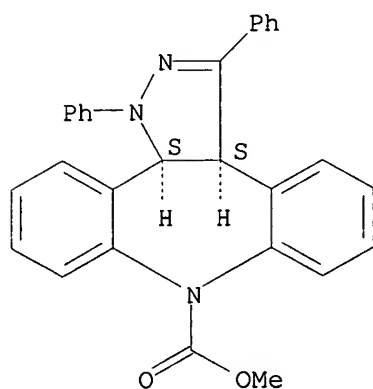
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117601-06-6 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-8(1H)-carboxylic acid,
3a,12b-dihydro-1,3-diphenyl-, methyl ester, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

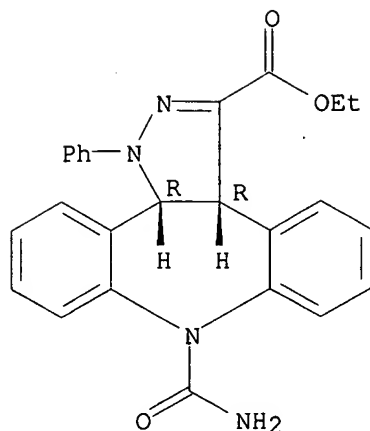
Relative stereochemistry.



RN 117601-07-7 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine-3-carboxylic acid,
8-(aminocarbonyl)-1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1-phenyl-, ethyl ester, cis- (9CI)
(CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(1 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 7 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1985:405738 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 103:5738

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 103:1035a,1038a

TITLE: Regioselectivity of 1,3-dipolar cycloaddition.
Reactions of 2,3:6,7-dibenzoheptafulvenes with some
dipoles

AUTHOR(S): Fichou, D.; Tonnard, F.; Toupet, L.; Carrie, R.

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Phys. Crist. Chim. Struct., CNRS, Rennes, 35042,
Fr.

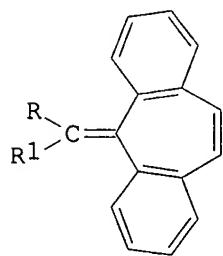
SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1984), 40(24), 5121-33

CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020

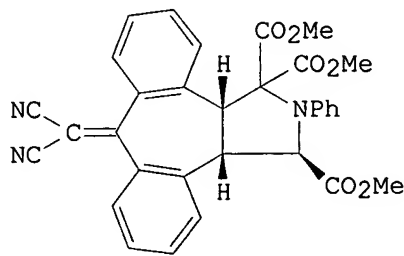
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: French

GI



I



II

AB The addition of 1,3-dipoles (e.g., diazoalkanes, p-ClC6H4C.tplbond.NO, and azomethine ylides) to 2,3:6,7-dibenzo-heptafulvenes I (R = R1 = CN; R = CN, R1 = H, CO2Me; R = CO2Me, R1 = H) occurs exclusively at the endocyclic double bond, leading resp. to pyrazolines, isoxazolines and pyrrolidines. This regioselectivity is due to steric factors which are discussed using Sustmann's (1972) variation perturbation theory. The crystallog. of the pyrrolidine II is also discussed.

IT 96606-41-6P 96606-42-7P 96606-43-8P
96606-44-9P 96606-45-0P 96606-46-1P
96606-47-2P 96606-48-3P 96606-52-9P

10/595,934

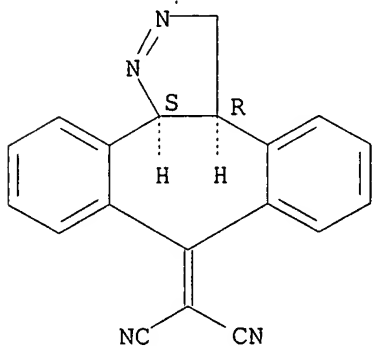
96623-05-1P 96623-06-2P 96647-47-1P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 96606-41-6 HCAPLUS

CN Propanedinitrile, (3a,12b-dihydrodibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2-c]pyrazol-8(3H)-ylidene)-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

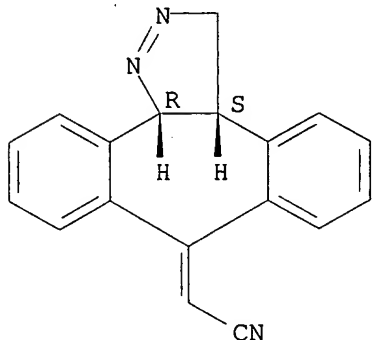


RN 96606-42-7 HCAPLUS

CN Acetonitrile, (3a,12b-dihydrodibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2-c]pyrazol-8(3H)-ylidene)-, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.



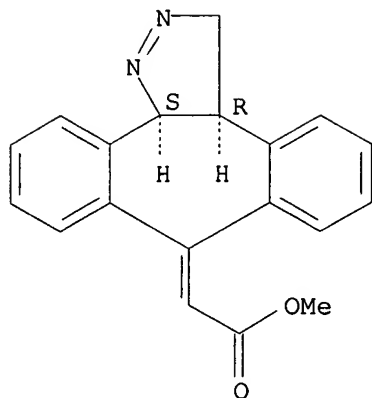
RN 96606-43-8 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, (3a,12b-dihydrodibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2-c]pyrazol-8(3H)-ylidene)-, methyl ester, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

Double bond geometry unknown.

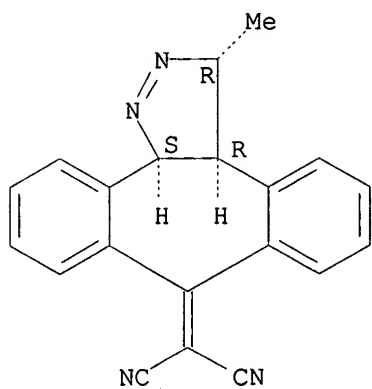
10/595,934



RN 96606-44-9 HCAPLUS

CN Propanedinitrile, (3a,12b-dihydro-3-methyldibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2-c]pyrazol-8(3H)-ylidene)-, (3α,3α,12bα)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



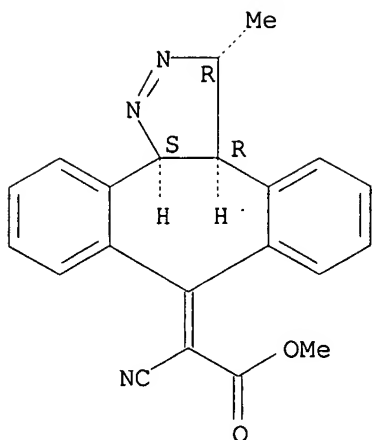
RN 96606-45-0 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, cyano(3a,12b-dihydro-3-methyldibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2-c]pyrazol-8(3H)-ylidene)-, methyl ester, (3α,3α,12bα)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.

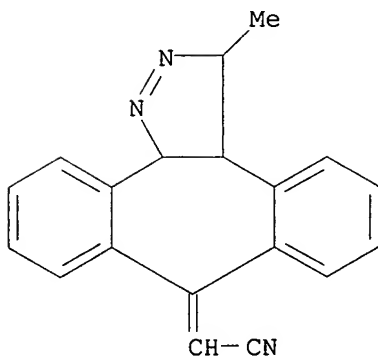
Double bond geometry unknown.

10/595,934



RN 96606-46-1 HCAPLUS

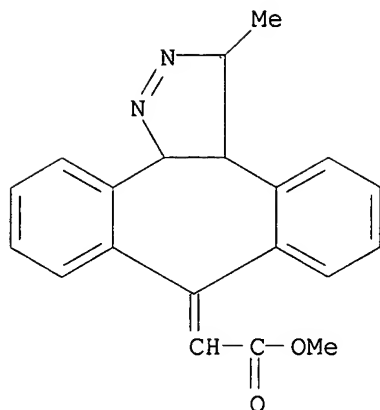
CN Acetonitrile, (3a,12b-dihydro-3-methyldibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2-c]pyrazol-8(3H)-ylidene)-, (3 α ,3 α ,12 β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



RN 96606-47-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, (3a,12b-dihydro-3-methyldibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2-c]pyrazol-8(3H)-ylidene)-, methyl ester, (3 α ,3 α ,12 β)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

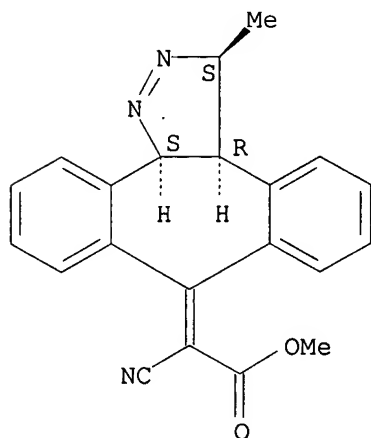
10/595,934



RN 96606-48-3 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, cyano(3a,12b-dihydro-3-methyldibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2-c]pyrazol-8(3H)-ylidene)-, methyl ester, (3 α ,3 $\alpha\beta$,12b β)-(9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

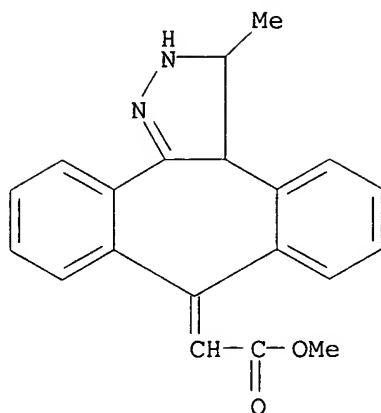
Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



RN 96606-52-9 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, 2-(3,3a-dihydro-3-methyldibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2]pyrazol-8(2H)-ylidene)-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)

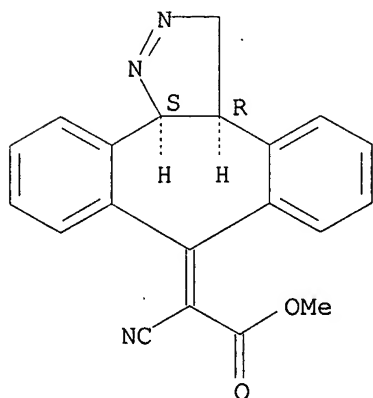
10/595,934



RN 96623-05-1 HCAPLUS

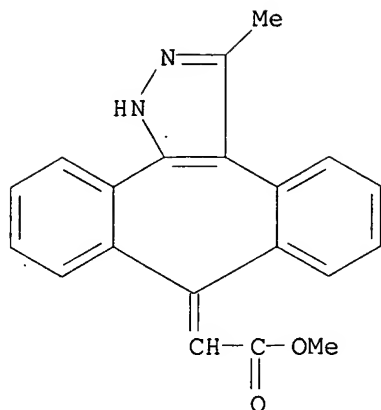
CN Acetic acid, cyano(3a,12b-dihydrodibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2-c]pyrazol-8(3H)-ylidene)-, methyl ester, cis- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.
Double bond geometry unknown.



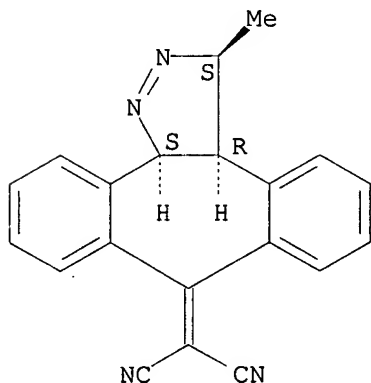
RN 96623-06-2 HCAPLUS

CN Acetic acid, 2-(3-methyldibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2]pyrazol-8(1H)-ylidene)-, methyl ester (CA INDEX NAME)



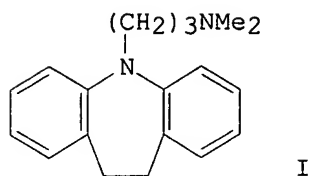
RN 96647-47-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Propanedinitrile, (3a,12b-dihydro-3-methyldibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2-c]pyrazol-8(3H)-ylidene)-, (3α,3αβ,12bβ)- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)

Relative stereochemistry.



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (1 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 8 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1984:403202 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 101:3202
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 101:559a,562a
 TITLE: Determination of the radioprotective activity of imipramine analogs
 AUTHOR(S): Gansser, C.; Marcot, B.; Viel, C.; Fatome, M.; Laval, J. D.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Lab. Pharm. Chim., Fac. Pharm., Chatenay-Malabry, F 92290, Fr.
 SOURCE: Annales Pharmaceutiques Francaises (1983), 41(5), 465-71
 CODEN: APFRAD; ISSN: 0003-4509
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: French
 GI



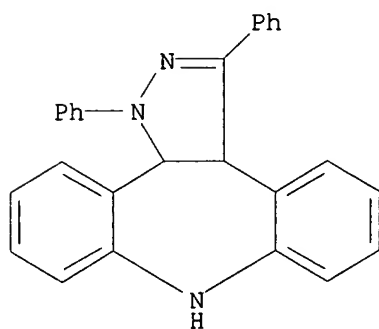
AB The radioprotective activity of analogs of imipramine (I) were examined. The radioprotectant activity was studied in male albino mice exposed to γ -irradiation (0.3 Gy/min) and injected with 50-375 mg/kg i.p., and the results compared with AET. The I analogs containing pyridoazepine or azepinone had radioprotectant activity based on LD50/30, but were all inferior to AET.

IT 90358-73-9 90358-74-0 90358-75-1
90358-76-2

RL: BIOL (Biological study)
(radioprotection by)

RN 90358-73-9 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine, 1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1,3-diphenyl-, hydrochloride (1:?) (CA INDEX NAME)



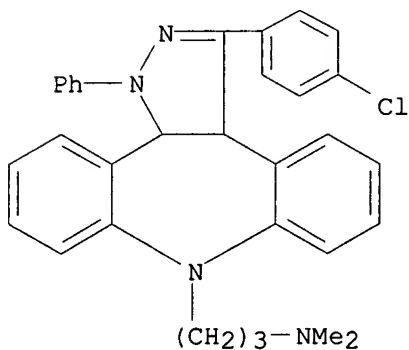
●x HCl

RN 90358-74-0 HCAPLUS

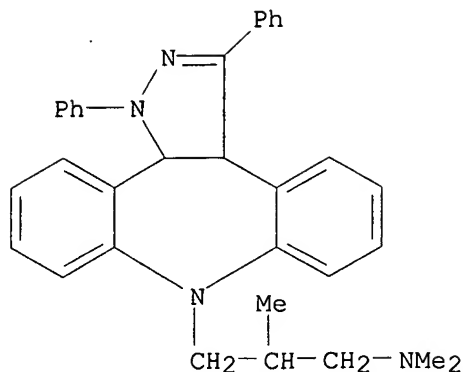
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine-8(1H)-ethanamine, 3a,12b-dihydro-N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diphenyl-, hydrochloride (1:?) (CA INDEX NAME)

c1ccc(cc1)N2C(=Nc3ccccc3)C(c4ccccc4)C(c5ccccc5)N2CCCN(C)C

RN	90358-75-1	HCAPLUS
CN	Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine-8(1H)-propanamine, 3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3a,12b-dihydro-N,N-dimethyl-1-phenyl-, hydrochloride (1:?) (CA INDEX NAME)	

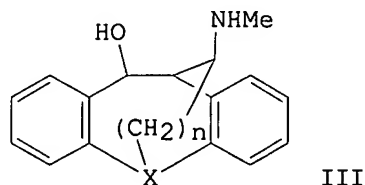
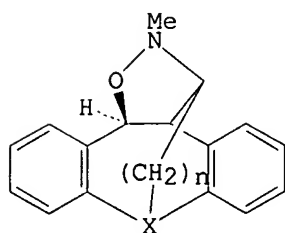
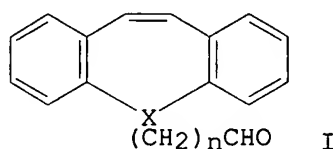


RN 90358-76-2 HCAPLUS
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine-8(1H)-propanamine,
3a,12b-dihydro-N,N, β -trimethyl-1,3-diphenyl-, hydrochloride (1:?)
(CA INDEX NAME)



● x HCl

L3 ANSWER 9 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:505107 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 99:105107
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 99:16177a,16180a
 TITLE: Intramolecular [3 + 2] cycloaddition routes to carbon-bridged dibenzocycloheptanes and dibenzazepines
 AUTHOR(S): Confalone, Pat N.; Huie, Edward M.
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Cent. Res. Dev. Dep., E. I. du Pont de Nemours and Co., Wilmington, DE, 19898, USA
 SOURCE: Journal of Organic Chemistry (1983), 48(18), 2994-7
 CODEN: JOCEAH; ISSN: 0022-3263
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: English
 OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 99:105107
 GI



AB Treating aldehydes I (X = CH, N, n = 1; X = CH, n = 0) with MeNHOH gave bridged polycyclic isoxazolidones II, which on dissolving-metal reduction gave title compds. III. The reactions of I (X = CH, n = 1) with MeNHCH₂CO₂Et

10/595,934

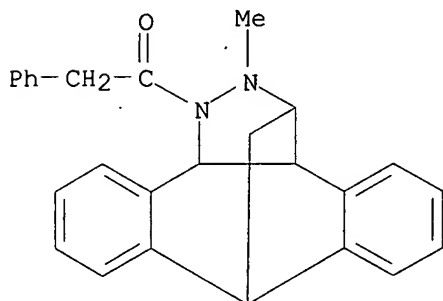
and sarcosine Et ester are also described.

IT 86569-13-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 86569-13-3 HCAPLUS

CN Ethanone, 2-phenyl-1-(3,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-2-methyl-3,8-methanodibenzo[3,4:6,7]cyclohepta[1,2]pyrazol-1(2H)-yl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 11 THERE ARE 11 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (11 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 10 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1983:143412 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 98:143412

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 98:21853a,21856a

TITLE: Dibenzazepine tetracyclic derivatives and pharmaceutical compositions containing them

INVENTOR(S): Viel, Claude; Marcot, Bernoud; Redeuilh, Gerard; Djiane, Alain; Cherqui, Jean

PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Centre National de la Recherche Scientifique, Fr.

SOURCE: Eur. Pat. Appl., 54 pp.

CODEN: EPXXDW

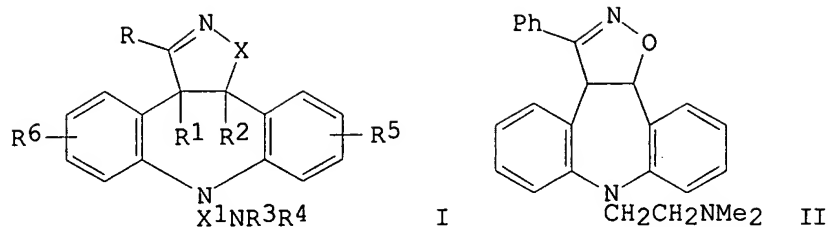
DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent

LANGUAGE: French

FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1

PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
EP 63525	A1	19821027	EP 1982-400680	19820415
R: BE, CH, DE, FR, GB, IT, NL, SE				
FR 2504140	A1	19821022	FR 1981-7707	19810416
FR 2504140	B1	19831202		
JP 58088384	A	19830526	JP 1982-63793	19820416
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			FR 1981-7707	A 19810416
OTHER SOURCE(S):			CASREACT 98:143412; MARPAT 98:143412	
GI				



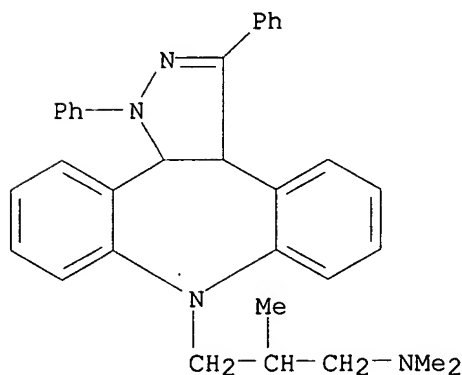
AB Azolodibenzazepines I (X = O, NR₇; X₁ = alkene; R = alkyl, Ph, substituted Ph; R₁, R₂ = H; R₁R₂ = bond, R₃, R₄ = H, alkyl, aralkyl; NR₃R₄ = heterocyclic; R₅, R₆ = H, alkyl, alkoxy, CF₃, alkylenedioxy, OH, SH, OCCl₃, OCF₃, SCF₃, amino, aminosulfonyl, cyano, NO₂, CO₂H, alkoxycarbonyl, carbamoyl, acyl, sulfinyl, sulfonyl; R₇ = Ph, substituted Ph) were prepared. Thus, dibenzazepine was treated with ClCH₂CH₂NMe₂ and cyclized with PhCCl:NOH to give II. At 5 mg/kg i.p. II was antireserpine activity in mice. II gave 70% protection against phenylbenzoquinone writhing in mice at 20 mg/kg i.p. It had an anticholinergic ED₅₀ of 5 + 10⁻⁴ mg/mL in the isolated guinea pig ileum.

IT 85008-83-9P 85008-84-0P 85008-86-2P
85008-87-3P 85008-90-8P 85008-94-2P

RL: BAC (Biological activity or effector, except adverse); BSU (Biological study, unclassified); SPN (Synthetic preparation); THU (Therapeutic use); BIOL (Biological study); PREP (Preparation); USES (Uses)
(preparation and antidepressant activity of)

RN 85008-83-9 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine-8(1H)-propanamine,
3a,12b-dihydro-N,N,β-trimethyl-1,3-diphenyl-, hydrochloride (1:1)
(CA INDEX NAME)

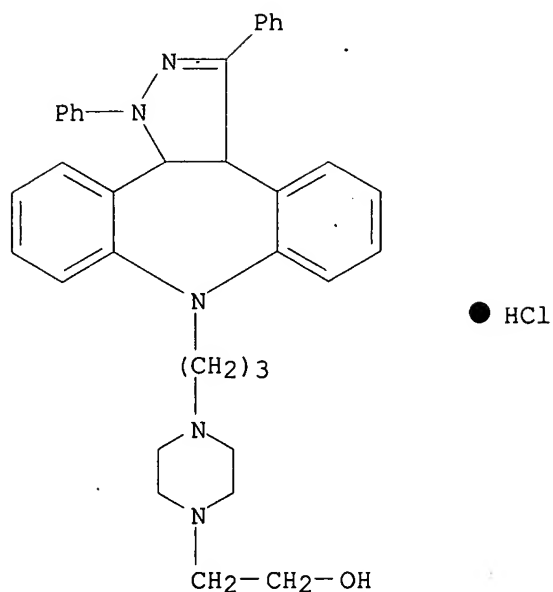


● HCl

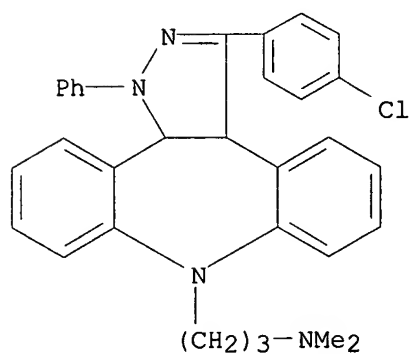
RN 85008-84-0 HCAPLUS

CN 1-Piperazineethanol, 4-[3-(3a,12b-dihydro-1,3-diphenyldibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepin-8(1H)-yl)propyl]-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)

10/595,934

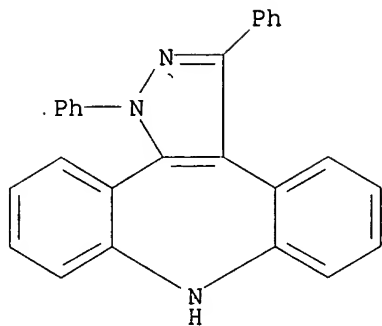


RN 85008-86-2 HCAPLUS
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine-8(1H)-propanamine,
3-(4-chlorophenyl)-3a,12b-dihydro-N,N-dimethyl-1-phenyl-, hydrochloride
(1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



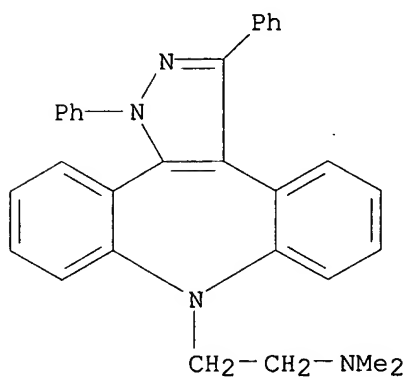
RN 85008-87-3 HCAPLUS
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine, 1,8-dihydro-1,3-diphenyl- (CA INDEX
NAME)

10/595,934



RN 85008-90-8 HCAPLUS

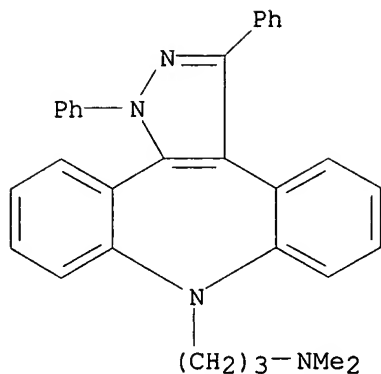
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine-8(1H)-ethanamine,
N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diphenyl-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



● HCl

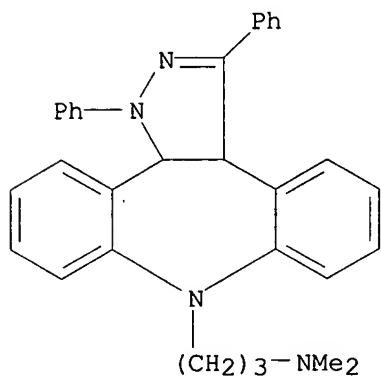
RN 85008-94-2 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine-8(1H)-propanamine,
N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diphenyl-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



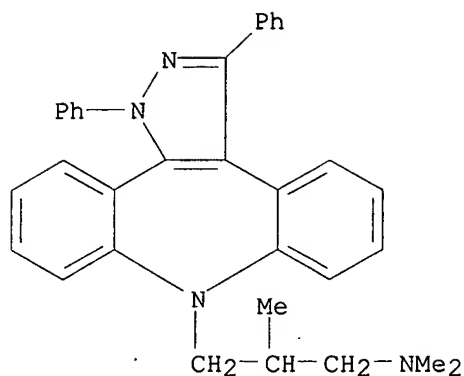
● HCl

IT 85008-81-7P 85008-91-9P
 RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
 (preparation of)
 RN 85008-81-7 HCAPLUS
 CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine-8(1H)-propanamine,
 3a,12b-dihydro-N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diphenyl-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



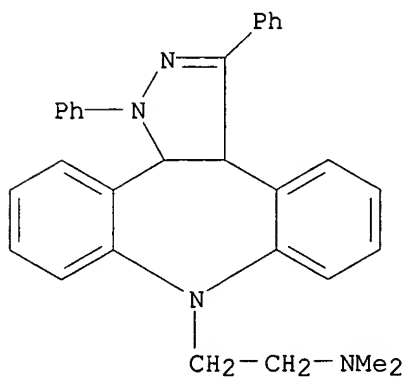
● HCl

RN 85008-91-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine-8(1H)-propanamine,
 N,N,β-trimethyl-1,3-diphenyl-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX NAME)



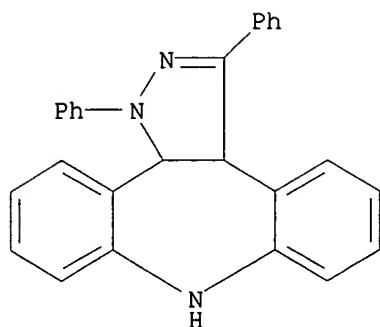
● HCl

IT 85008-82-8P 85008-85-1P
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT
 (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation, dehydrogenation, and antidepressant activity of)
 RN 85008-82-8 HCAPLUS
 CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine-8(1H)-ethanamine,
 3a,12b-dihydro-N,N-dimethyl-1,3-diphenyl-, hydrochloride (1:1) (CA INDEX
 NAME)



● HCl

RN 85008-85-1 HCAPLUS
 CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine, 1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1,3-diphenyl-
 (CA INDEX NAME)



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 7 THERE ARE 7 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(7 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 11 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1982:581459 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 97:181459

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 97:30345a,30348a

TITLE: Photochemical and thermal denitrogenations of
azoalkanes as mechanistic probes for the diradical
intermediates involved in the di- π -methane
rearrangement of dibenzobarrelene

AUTHOR(S): Adam, Waldemar; De Lucchi, Ottorino; Peters, Karl;
Peters, Eva Maria; Von Schnering, Hans Georg

CORPORATE SOURCE: Inst. Org. Chem., Univ. Wuerzburg, Wuerzburg, 8700,
Fed. Rep. Ger.

SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1982),
104(21), 5747-53

CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 97:181459

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.

AB I and II were prepared from III and IV, resp., which, in turn, were obtained
by reaction of dibenzobarrelene (V) with
N-methyl-1,2,4-triazoline-3,5-dione. Thermolysis, direct photolysis at
350 and 254 nm, and Ph₂CO sensitization leads to the diradicals VI (from
I) and VII (from II), which are postulated intermediates in the
di- π -methane rearrangement of V. The singlet-state diradicals lead to
V and VIII as minor products and IX as the major product. Thus, the
extent of retro-di- π -methane rearrangement of VII is small. Formation
of X via rearrangement of VII to XI, a hitherto unrecognized
di- π -methane route of V, takes place only to a very small extent in the
254-nm photolysis of II. Triplet-state VI and VIII afford only IX. The
mechanistic implications in reference to the di- π -methane process of V are
discussed.

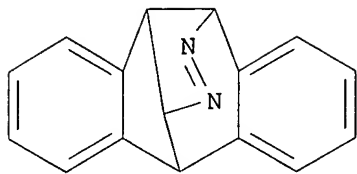
IT 82639-36-9

RL: PRP (Properties)

(photolysis and thermolysis of, biradicals in)

RN 82639-36-9 HCAPLUS

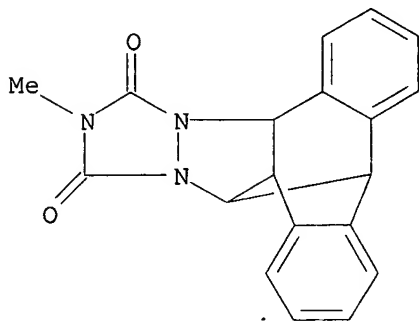
CN 3,8[1',2']-Benzenoindeno[2,1-c]pyrazole, 3,3a,8,8a-tetrahydro- (9CI) (CA
INDEX NAME)



IT 82639-37-0P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation and conversion to polycyclic azaalkane)

RN 82639-37-0 HCAPLUS

CN 5,10[1',2']-Benzeno-1H-indeno[2',1':3,4]pyrazolo[1,2-a][1,2,4]triazole-
1,3(2H)-dione, 4a,5,9b,10-tetrahydro-2-methyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)OS.CITING REF COUNT: 2 THERE ARE 2 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(2 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 12 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:471653 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:71653

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 93:11653a,11656a

TITLE: Bicyclic azoalkanes via urazoles derived from
cycloaddition of N-phenyl-1,2,4-triazoline-3,5-dione
with strained bicycloalkenes

AUTHOR(S): Adam, Waldemar; De Lucchi, Ottorino; Erden, Ihsan

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Puerto Rico, Rio Piedras, 00931, P.
R.SOURCE: Journal of the American Chemical Society (1980),
102(14), 4806-9

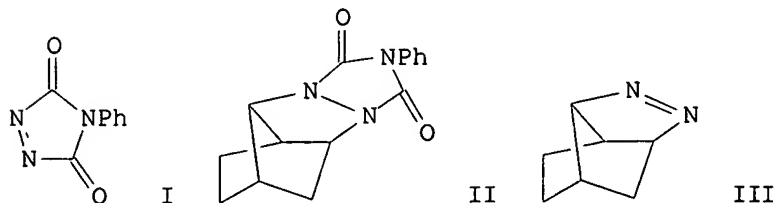
CODEN: JACSAT; ISSN: 0002-7863

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 93:71653

GI

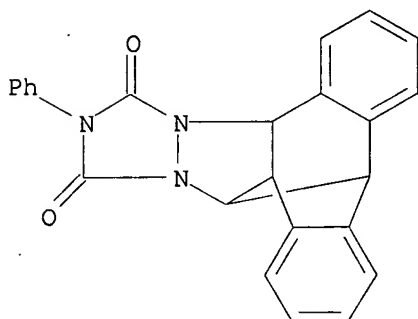


AB Cycloaddn. of the triazoline I to strained bicycloalkenes leads to urazoles, e.g. II, via skeletal rearrangement of dipolar intermediates. This novel reaction appears to be general, including benzoannulated, spiroannulated, alkylidene-functionalized, and heteroatom-substituted substrates. Bicyclo[2.2.2]octene is not sufficiently strained to undergo reaction with I. Ene reaction and homo-Diels-Alder addition will suppress this useful dipolar I cycloaddn. Oxidation hydrolysis of the urazoles provides a convenient entry into the hitherto unknown polycyclic azoalkanes, e.g., III, possessing C-type skeletons.

IT **73818-05-0P**
 RL: PRP (Properties); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation) (preparation and spectra of)

RN 73818-05-0 HCAPLUS

CN 5,10[1',2']-Benzeno-1H-indeno[2',1':3,4]pyrazolo[1,2-a][1,2,4]triazole-1,3(2H)-dione, 4a,5,9b,10-tetrahydro-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



OS.CITING REF COUNT: 13 THERE ARE 13 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD (13 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 13 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1980:408091 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 93:8091

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 93:1483a,1486a

TITLE: Cycloaddition of 4-phenyl-1,2,4-triazoline-3,5-dione (PTAD) to bicycloalkenes via rearrangement of zwitterionic intermediates

AUTHOR(S): Adam, Waldemar; De Lucchi, Ottorino

CORPORATE SOURCE: Dep. Chem., Univ. Puerto Rico, Rio Piedras, 00931, P. R.

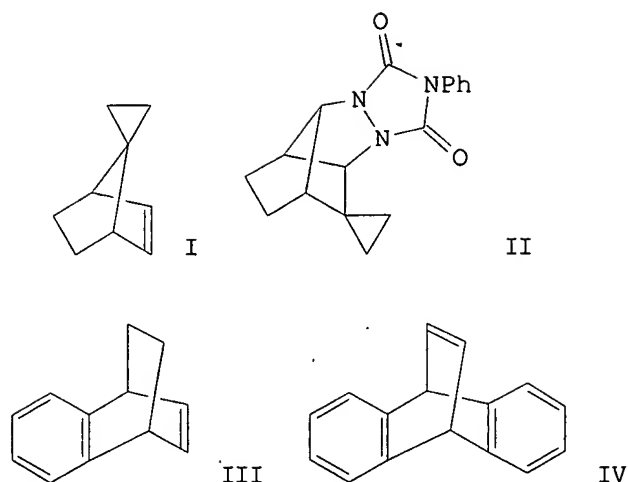
SOURCE: Tetrahedron Letters (1979), (45), 4367-70

CODEN: TELEAY; ISSN: 0040-4039

DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal

LANGUAGE: English

GI



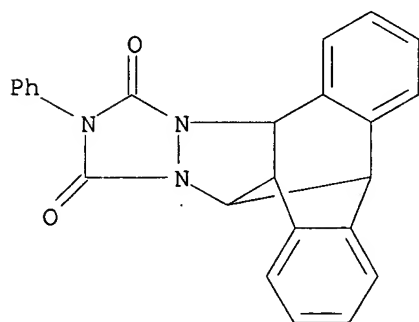
AB PTAD reacted with functionalized, moderately strained, and benzoannulated bicyclic olefins to give tricyclic urazoles through rearrangement of intermediary 1,4-dipoles. E.g., alkene I with PTAD at reflux gave 70% of the urazole II. Alkenes III and IV gave 17 and 63%, resp., of the corresponding urazoles.

IT **73818-05-0P**

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 73818-05-0 HCAPLUS

CN 5,10[1',2']-Benzeno-1H-indeno[2',1':3,4]pyrazolo[1,2-a][1,2,4]triazole-1,3(2H)-dione, 4a,5,9b,10-tetrahydro-2-phenyl- (9CI) (CA INDEX NAME)



L3 ANSWER 14 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN

ACCESSION NUMBER: 1979:121387 HCAPLUS

DOCUMENT NUMBER: 90:121387

ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 90:19214h,19215a

TITLE: Synthesis of dibenzo[b,f]cycloprop[d]azepine derivatives. III. Introduction of a cyclopropane ring by thermal decomposition of a pyrazoline

AUTHOR(S): Kawashima, Kenya; Kawano, Yasuhiko

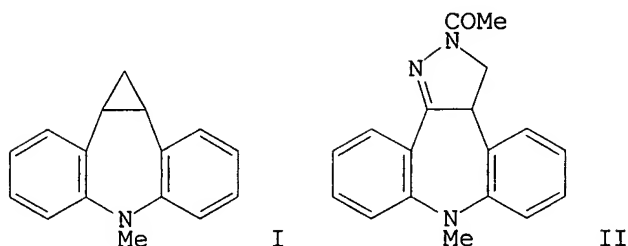
CORPORATE SOURCE: Takeda Res. Lab., Takeda Chem. Ind., Ltd., Osaka, Japan

SOURCE: Takeda Kenkyushoho (1978), 37(1-2), 6-11

CODEN: TAKHAA; ISSN: 0371-5167

10/595,934

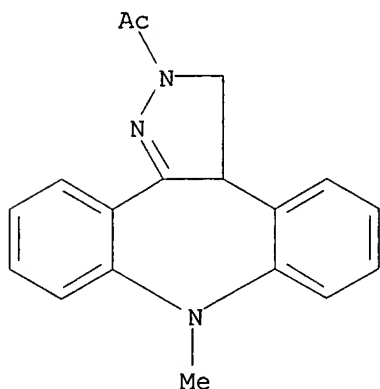
DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
LANGUAGE: English
OTHER SOURCE(S): CASREACT 90:121387
GI



AB The title compound, I was prepared by thermal decomposition of the pyrazoloazepine II. Pyrolysis of II, prepared from 5-methyl-5H-dibenz[b,f]azepine or 5,11-dihydro-5-methyl-10H-dibenz[b,f]azepin-10-one, at 200° in an evacuated system in the presence of NaOH gave I in 49.3% yield.

IT **55397-02-9P**
RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
(preparation and thermal decomposition of, methyldibenzocyclopropazepine from)

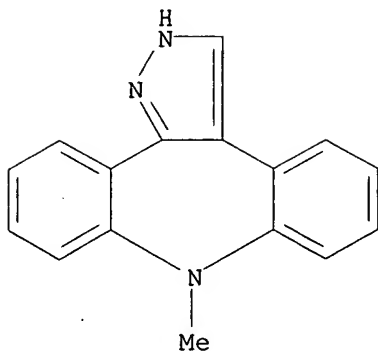
RN 55397-02-9 HCAPLUS
CN Ethanone, 1-(3a,8-dihydro-8-methyldibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepin-2(3H)-yl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



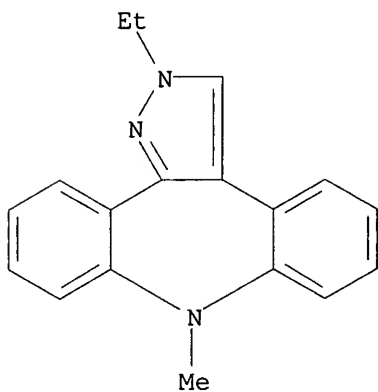
IT **69512-34-1P 69512-35-2P 69512-36-3P**
RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 69512-34-1 HCAPLUS
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine, 2,8-dihydro-8-methyl- (CA INDEX NAME)

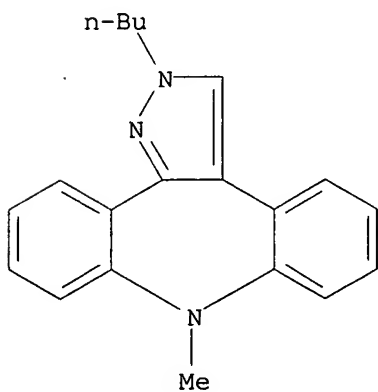
10/595,934



RN 69512-35-2 HCAPLUS
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepine, 2-ethyl-2,8-dihydro-8-methyl- (CA
INDEX NAME)



RN 69512-36-3 HCAPLUS
CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine, 2-butyl-2,8-dihydro-8-methyl- (CA
INDEX NAME)

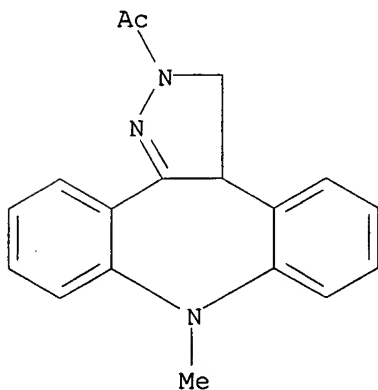


OS.CITING REF COUNT: 1 THERE ARE 1 CAPLUS RECORDS THAT CITE THIS RECORD
(1 CITINGS)

L3 ANSWER 15 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1975:156133 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 82:156133
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 82:24913a,24916a
 TITLE: 1,1a,6,10b-Tetrahydro-6-alkyldibenzo[b,f]cycloprop[d]azepines
 INVENTOR(S): Kawashima, Kenya; Kawano, Yasuhiko
 PATENT ASSIGNEE(S): Takeda Chemical Industries, Ltd.
 SOURCE: Jpn. Kokai Tokkyo Koho, 4 pp.
 CODEN: JKXXAF
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Patent
 LANGUAGE: Japanese
 FAMILY ACC. NUM. COUNT: 1
 PATENT INFORMATION:

PATENT NO.	KIND	DATE	APPLICATION NO.	DATE
JP 49100093	A	19740920	JP 1973-13934	19730202
PRIORITY APPLN. INFO.:			JP 1973-13934	A 19730202

GI For diagram(s), see printed CA Issue.
 AB Azepines I (R = lower alkyl) are prepared by heating dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepines II (R1 = lower alkyl) in the presence of alkali. Thus, heating III (R2 = H) with paraformaldehyde-Me2NH.HCl in EtOH gave III (R2 = CH2NMe2), which was refluxed with N2H4 in AcOH to give II (R = R1 = Me), which was heated with NaOH at 200° for 24 hr in a sealed tube to give I (R = Me).
 IT **55397-02-9P**
 RL: RCT (Reactant); SPN (Synthetic preparation); PREP (Preparation); RACT (Reactant or reagent)
 (preparation and ring contraction of)
 RN 55397-02-9 HCAPLUS
 CN Ethanone, 1-(3a,8-dihydro-8-methyldibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[4,3-d]azepin-2(3H)-yl)- (CA INDEX NAME)



L3 ANSWER 16 OF 16 HCAPLUS COPYRIGHT 2009 ACS on STN
 ACCESSION NUMBER: 1962:436315 HCAPLUS
 DOCUMENT NUMBER: 57:36315
 ORIGINAL REFERENCE NO.: 57:7246d-i,7247a-i,7248a-i,7249a-i,7250a-c
 TITLE: 1,3-Dipolar addition. I. Diphenylnitrilimine and its 1,3-dipolar additions to alkenes and alkynes

AUTHOR(S): Huisgen, Rolf; Seidel, Michael; Wallbillich, Guenter; Knupfer, Hans
 CORPORATE SOURCE: Univ. Munich, Germany
 SOURCE: Tetrahedron (1962), 17, 3-29
 CODEN: TETRAB; ISSN: 0040-4020
 DOCUMENT TYPE: Journal
 LANGUAGE: German

AB The previously undescribed diphenylnitrilimine PhCNNPh (I) is available by elimination of N from 2,5-diphenyltetrazole (II) at 160° or by dehydrochlorination of PhCCl:NNHPh (III) at 20-80° with NEt₃. I adds in situ to alkenes and alkynes forming 1,3-diphenyl-Δ² pyrazolines and 1,3-diphenylpyrazoles, resp. PhNHNHBz (40 g.) and 48 g. PCl₃ refluxed 10 hrs. (H₂O-free atmospheric) in 50 ml. anhydrous Et₂O and the clear solution treated with 80 g. PhOH in 60 ml. Et₂O and with 80 ml. MeOH, the main part of the Et₂O evaporated with rise of internal temperature to 60-70°, and the cooled mixture filtered yielded 58% III, m. 129.530.5°. III (460 mg.) and 0.50 g. norbornene in 4 ml. anhydrous C₆H₆ treated at 20° with 1.0 ml. NEt₃ and the mixture kept several hrs., filtered from Et₃NHCl, m. 253-5°, and the filtrate and washings evaporated yielded 85% bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-2-ene adduct, 1,3-diphenyl-4,7-methano-3a,4,5,6,7,7a-hexahydroindazole (IV), m. 171-2° (alc.), λ 244, 370 mμ (log ε 4.14, 4.32), strongly blue-green fluorescent in daylight, brown-yellow color in concentrated H₂SO₄ turning dark green in addition of concentrated HNO₃. III (500 mg.) and 0.50 g. norbornene in 5 ml. C₆H₆ shaken 8 hrs. with 200 mg. KOH in 1.5 ml. H₂O at 20° yielded 76% IV, also produced in 94% yield by treating III and norbornene in boiling C₆H₆ with Et₃N. IV in CHCl₃ treated with 1.0 mole-equivalent Br (exothermic reaction) and the cooled mixture washed with KOH and H₂O, evaporated, and the residue sublimed at 120-40°/ 0.003 mm. gave 1-(p-bromophenyl-3-phenyl-4,7-methano-3a,4,5,6,7,7a-hexahydroindazole, m. 133-4° (alc.), ν 800, 825 cm.⁻¹ II (2.0 g.) in 10 ml. dicyclopentadiene (V) heated 3 hrs. at 160-5° with liberation of 9.0 millimoles N and the unchanged V distilled at 10 mm. yielded 68% 1,3-diphenyl-4,8-methano-3a,4,4a,7,8,8a - hexahydroindeno [5,6-c] pyrazole (VI), m. 173-4°. III (460 mg.) and 1.2 g. V in 6 ml. C₆H₆ refluxed 1 hr. with addition of 1.0 ml. Et₃N and the filtered solution evaporated yielded 87% VI, λ 242, 370 mμ (log 4.15, 4.33, CHCl₃). VI (3.0 g.) refluxed 42 hrs. with 3.0 g. chloranil in 20 ml. xylene and the dark brown solution extracted repeatedly with 4% KOH, the H₂O-washed solution freed from solvent and distilled at 120-65°/0.003 mm., the glassy product crystallized from 60 ml. hot alc., and the crystalline material (0.90 g.) sublimed in vacuo gave non-fluorescent 1,3-diphenyl-4,8 - methano - 4,4a,7a,8 - tetrahydroindeno[5,6 - c]pyrazole (VII), m. 124.0-4.5°. VI (653 mg.) heated 3 hrs. at 200-55° with 90 mg. S with evolution of H₂S and the product sublimed at 120-70°/0.01 mm. yielded 48% 1,3-diphenylpyrazole, m. 84-5° (petr. ether). III (460 mg.) and 2.25 g. bicycloheptadiene in 7 ml. C₆H₆ heated 3 hrs. at 65° with 1.0 ml. Et₃N and kept 16 hrs. at 20°, the mixture filtered from 1.97 millimoles Et₃NHCl and the filtrate evaporated, the residue boiled in 50 ml. alc. and filtered from 27 mg. insol. product, the solution cooled, and the crystalline material (79%) recrystd. from ligroine (b. 80-120°) yielded 1,3-diphenyl-4,7-methano-3a,4,7,7a-tetrahydroindazole (VIII), m. 133-5° (decomposition), λ 243, 369 mμ (log ε 4.13, 4.30). The insol. product recovered from HCONMe₃ gave bright greenish yellow amorphous 1,3,5,7-tetraphenyl-4,8-methano-3a,4,-

4a,7a,8,8a-hexahydropyrazolo[4,5-f]indazole, m. above 320° (decomposition), λ 244, 359, $m\mu$ (log ϵ 4.39, 4.52). VIII (2.29 g.) heated slowly from 130 to 185° several min. with vigorous evolution of gas through a trap at -78°, condensing 77% cyclopentadiene (identified as maleic anhydride adduct, m. 165.0-5.5°), and the residue distilled at 135-50°/0.003 mm. yielded 98% 1,3-diphenylpyrazole. III (2.00 millimoles) and 4.0 millimoles endo-cis-bicyclo[2.2.1]hept-5-ene-2,3dicarboxylic acid anhydride refluxed 1 hr. in 4 ml. C₆H₆ with dropwise addition of 1.0 ml. Et₃N in 2 ml. C₆H₆ and the mixture refluxed 1 hr., filtered from Et₃NHCl, and the residue on evaporation recrystd. from EtOAc gave 55% pale green 1,3diphenyl-4,7-methano-3a,4,5,6,7,7a-hexahydroindazole-5,6dicarboxylic acid anhydride, m. 279-81° (decomposition). The dipolarophilic activity of normal unconjugated double bonds is relatively small as shown by a comparative study of the addition of I to non-conjugated alkenes, diphenylketene, and ketene acetal. III (3.98 millimoles), 21.5 millimoles C₅H₉CH:CH₂, and 1.5 ml. Et₃N heated 30 hrs. at 80-90° in a sealed tube and the filtered solution evaporated, the residue distilled at 160-80°/0.001 mm. and the yellow oil crystallized from MeOH yielded 85% 1,3-diphenyl-5-pentyl- Δ^2 -pyrazoline, m. 56-8° (MeOH), dehydrated (0.75 millimole) by refluxing 2 hrs. with 1.5 millimoles chloranil in 25 ml. xylene, the pale yellow oily 1,3-diphenyl-5-pentylpyrazole oxidized 80 min. in boiling 50% C₆H₅N with 2 g. KMnO₄, washed with Et₂O and filtered from MnO₂, treated with Na₂SO₃ and acidified to yield 0.13 g. 1,3-diphenyl-5-pyrazolecarboxylic acid (IX), m. 225-60° (H₂O). III (3.98 millimoles) similarly treated with 16.5 millimoles H₂C:CH(CH₂)₈CO₂Et and the product distilled at 200-30°/0.003 mm. gave 80% material, recrystd. from MeOH to yield yellow needles of Et 9-(1,3-diphenyl- Δ^2 -pyrazolin-5-yl)nonanecarboxylate, m. 40-2°. III with 3 mole-equivs. unsatd. ester in boiling C₆H₆ and the product distilled yielded also 28% tetraphenyldihydrotetrazine, m. 200-3°, produced by head-to-tail dimerization of I and showing the lacking activity of the dipolarophile. III (1.99 millimoles), 11.3 millimoles cyclopentene and Et₃N refluxed 150 min. in 5 ml. C₆H₆ and the mixture kept 16 hrs., the residue on evaporation of the filtrate sublimed in a high vacuum, and the sublimate recrystd. from alc. yielded 78% 1,3-diphenyl-cis-1,3a,4,5,6,6a-hexahydrocyclopentapyrazole (X), m. 137.5-9.0°, λ 241,365 $m\mu$ (log ϵ 4.12, 4.31, CHCl₃), with blue-green fluorescence. III (2.00 millimoles), 0.7 g. Ph₂C:CO refluxed with Et₃N in C₆H₆ and the filtered solution evaporated, the residue distilled at 150-220°/0.001 mm. and the red oil (1.06 g.) recrystd from alc. gave 0.19 g. 1,3,4,4-tetraphenyl- Δ^2 -pyrazol-5-one, m. 160-2°, ν 1712 cm.⁻¹ III (2.00 millimoles) and 7.6 millimoles H₂C:C(OEt)₂ refluxed with Et₃N in C₆H₆ without separation of Et₃NHCl, the filtered solution evaporated, the residue distilled at 160-70°/0.004 mm., the red oil (0.50 g.) chromatographed in C₆H₆ over Al₂O₃ (Merck, activity I), and the eluate crystallized from 90% alc. gave 0.42 g. 1,3-diphenyl-5-ethoxypyrazole, m. 67-9°, λ 275 $m\mu$ (log ϵ 4.36). The pyrazole (0.53 g.) refluxed 9 days in 5 ml. alc. and 7 ml. concentrated HCl, the cooled mixture neutralized with NaOH and extracted with CH₂Cl₂, the product distilled in a high vacuum, and the distillate recrystd. from alc. and ligroine (b. 80-110°) yielded 75% 1,3-diphenyl- Δ^2 -pyrazol-5-one, m. 136.0-7.5°, 1708 cm.⁻¹ The orientation in the addition of I to Ph₂C:CO and to H₂C:C(OEt)₂ is that to be expected in regarding PhC+: N-N-Ph as a representation of I. III (2.31 g.) and 2.5 l. butadiene in 40 ml. C₆H₆

shaken 4 hrs. with 3 ml. Et₃N under pressure and kept several days, the blue fluorescent mixture filtered, and the residue on evaporation recrystd. from alc. gave 2.34 g. crystalline 1,3-diphenyl-5-vinyl-Δ²-pyrazoline (XI), m. 76.0-75.5°, b_{0.001} 130-40°. XI (4.0 millimoles) refluxed 10 hrs. with 4.7 millimoles chloranil in 10 ml. xylene and filtered from 2.9 millimoles tetrachlorohydroquinone, the filtrate extracted with alkali, and the washed solution evaporated gave 0.87 g. noncryst. viscous oil, distilled at 158-80°/0.001 mm. The oil (0.61 g.) in 45 ml. Me₂CO stirred 2 hrs. with gradual addition of 1.25 g. KMnO₄ and kept 30 min. before reduction with SO₂ and extraction with CH₂Cl₂, the residue on evaporation crystallized from CCl₄ and MeOH, and the product (0.41 g.), m. 227.08.5° (decomposition), recrystd. gave IX. PhCH:CHCOCH₂CO₂Et and PhNHNH₂ gave the known Et 1,3-diphenyl-5-methyl-4-pyrazolinecarboxylate (XII), dehydrogenated with chloranil in xylene to Et 1,3-diphenyl-5-methyl-4-pyrazolecarboxylate and saponified by alkali and decarboxylated to 1,3-diphenyl-5-methylpyrazole, m. 46-7° (Et₂O-petr. ether), refluxed (2.0 g.) 2 hrs. with 6 g. KMnO₄ in 100 ml. 1:1 stabilized Me₂CO-H₂O, the filtered solution acidified with 2N HCl, and the product recrystd. from MeOH gave 31% starting material and 24% IX, m. 228-9° (decomposition), neutralization equivalent 261. III (1.99 millimoles) and 3.0 millimoles cyclopentadiene kept 20 hrs. with NEt₃ in C₆H₆ and the product purified by crystallization from alc. and sublimation in a high vacuum gave 0.30 g. 1,3-diphenyl-cis-1,3a,4,6a-tetrahydrocyclopentapyrazole, m. 183-4°, λ 242, 367 mμ (log ε 4.11, 4.31, CHCl₃), oxidized with KMnO₄ in Me₂CO at 20° to give 1,3-diphenyl-4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid and BzOH, brominated with 1.0 molar equivalent Br in C₆H₆ to 1-(4-bromophenyl)-3-phenyl-cis-1,3a,4,6a-tetrahydrocyclopentapyrazole, m. 148-50° (alc.), ν 820 cm.⁻¹ and hydrogenated (300 mg.) in 80 ml. EtOAc at 20° in 50 min. with Raney Ni to give 0.29 g. X. III treated with 5 molar equivs. cyclohexa-1,3-diene in C₆H₆ in the presence of Et₃N yielded 73% 1,3-diphenyl-3a,4,5,7a-tetrahydro-indazole, b_{0.005} 150-60°, m. 119.5-21.0° (alc.), dehydrogenated with chloranil in boiling xylene 18 hrs., the product distilled in a high vacuum and crystallized from MeOH yielded 79% 1,3-diphenylindazole, m. 100.5-2.0°. III (1.99 millimoles) and 0.91 g. freshly distilled styrene kept 2 hrs. at 60° with Et₃N and some hydroquinone in C₆H₆ and the product recrystd. from MeOH yielded 88% 1,3,5-triphenyl-Δ²pyrazoline, m. 137-8°, λ 240, 361 mμ (log ε 4.20, 4.28). II (2.0 g.) heated 3 hrs. at 155-65° in 5 ml. 1,2-dihydronaphthalene with loss of 0.98 molar equivalent N, the excess dihydronaphthalene evapd, i₀ vacuo, and the residue crystallized from MeOH yielded 2.44 g. material, m. 133-48°. Treatment of 3.5 molar equivs. dihydronaphthalene with III in C₆H₆ in the presence of NEt₃ yielded 75% product, recrystd. 4 times from alc. to give 1,3-diphenyl-3a,4,5,9b-tetrahydronaphtho[1,2-c]pyrazole, m. 151-2°, dehydrogenated with chloranil in C₆H₃Cl₃ 52 hrs. at 170°, the product distilled in a high vacuum and triturated with petr. ether yielded 70% 1,3-diphenylnaphtho[1,2-c]pyrazole (XIII), m. 100.5-2.0° (petr. ether, alc.). PhNHNH₂ (1.2 ml.) and 2.48 g. 2,1BzCl₁₀H₆OH heated (N atmospheric) 16 hrs. at 150° in 5 ml. EtOCH₂CH₂OH containing 20 mg. p-MeC₆H₄SO₃H, the mixture stirred into H₂O and the red-brown product recrystd. from alc. yielded 72% phenyl 1-hydroxy-2-naphthyl ketone phenylhydrazone (XIV), b_{0.001} 220-30°, m. 130.0-1.5°. XI (1.02 g.) kept 2 hrs. at 95° in 70 ml. polyphosphoric acid and the solution poured into 200 ml. ice H₂O, the yellow precipitate distilled at 210-30°/0.001 mm., and the

distillate chromatographed from C₆H₆ on Al₂O₃ (Woelm, acid, activity I) gave 0.56 g. XIII. Treatment of 117 with 3.5 mole-equivs. indene in C₆H₆ in the presence of NEt₃ and the product sublimed at 140-70°/0.004 ml. gave 482 mg. 1,3-diphenyl-3a,8b-dihydro-4H-indeno[1,2-c]pyrazole, m. 171-2°, λ 239, 364 m μ (log ϵ 4.15, 4.28).

Similarly 2.8 mole-equivs. transstilbene in C₆H₆ yielded 86% 1,3,4,5-tetraphenyl-4,5-trans-dihydropyrazole, m. 166.5-8.0° (alc.), refluxed 50 hrs. in xylene with chloranil, the dehydrogenation product distilled in vacuo and recrystd. from C₆H₁₂ gave 1,3,4,5-tetraphenylpyrazole (XV), m. 217-19°. III (4.0 millimoles) heated 3 days at 50° with 3.6 g. cisstilbene in a sealed tube and the adduct (53%) crystallized from CH₂Cl₂/alc. gave greenish yellow needles of 1,3,4,5-tetraphenyl 4,5-cis-dihydropyrazole, m. 194.5-5.5°, taken up (110 mg.) in 5 ml. boiling Me₂CO and treated gradually with 60 mg. KMnO₄ in 20 ml. Me₂CO, reduced with SO₂, and the Me₂CO evaporated to give 108 mg. XV. III (2.0 millimoles) in C₆H₆ treated with 6.0 millimoles acenaphthylene in the presence of Et₃N 1 hr. at 80° and 7 hrs. at 20°, filtered from Et₃N-HCl, and the product (90%) recrystd. from PhMe gave 7,9-diphenyl - 6b,9a - dihydroacenaphtho[1,2 - c] pyrazole, m. 255.5-7.5° (decomposition). Dibenzo[b,f]azepine (1.20 g.) refluxed 2.5 hrs. in 10 ml. C₆H₆ with 1.43 g. III and 4.3 ml. NEt₃ and the precipitate washed free from NEt₃HCl with H₂O yielded 55% material, recrystd. repeatedly from xylene to give 1,3-diphenyldibenzo [b,f] pyrazolo [3,4-d] azepine, m. 264.0-5.5°, λ 302, 361 m μ (log ϵ 4.07, 4.14), ν 3335 cm.⁻¹ III treated by the usual procedure with 3 mole-equivs. H₂C:CHCO₂Et 45 min. at 20° gave 85% Et 1,3-diphenyl- Δ^2 -pyrazoline-5-carboxylate, m. 99-101° (MeOH), dehydrogenated with chloranil in boiling xylene to yield 94% Et 1,3-diphenyl-5-pyrazolecarboxylate, m. 84.5-6.0°, hydrolyzed with KOH in MeOH to IX. Similar reaction with 7 mole-equivs. H₂C:CHCN 30 min. at 20° yielded 85% 1,3-diphenyl-5-cyano- Δ^2 -pyrazoline, m. 138-40°, aromatized by refluxing 2 hrs. in xylene with chloranil to give 76% 1,3-diphenyl-5-cyanopyrazole, m. 133-5°, ν 2240 cm.⁻¹, hydrolyzed by 2 hrs. reflux in 1:1:1 H₂SO₄-AcOH-H₂O to yield IX. II (2.0 g.) heated 8 hrs. at 155-65° in 7 ml. PhCH:CHCO₂Et with liberation of 97% N, the excess ester evaporated, and the residue crystallized from alc. yielded 2.86 g. isomeric mixture, m. 113-16°. The mixture (2.0 g.) refluxed 20 hrs. in 10 ml. xylene with 5.7 millimoles chloranil and the product, m. 127-33°, recrystd. twice from alc. yielded 50% Et 1,3,5-triphenyl-4-pyrazolecarboxylate, m. 142-5°. Treatment of HI with 2 mole-equivs. PhCH:CHCO₂Et in boiling C₆H₆ with NEt₃ yielded 83% isomeric mixture, m. 116-23°. The direction of the addition seemed to be influenced more strongly by steric than by electronic factors. II (1.0 g.) heated 2 hrs. at 160-70° in 5 ml. MeCOCH₂CO₂Et with evolution of 104% N and the residue distilled at 170-80°/ 0.01 mm. yielded 67% rapidly solidifying oil, recrystd. from C₆H₁₂-Et₂O to give XII, also obtained in 19% yield by thermolysis of II in EtOCH:CHCO₂Et, and in 62% yield by decomposition of II in AcOCH:CHCO₂Et. Hydrolysis of XII with 12% KOH in MeOH gave 1,3-diphenyl-5-methyl-4pyrazolecarboxylic acid, m. 193-4° (alc.). II (9.0 millimoles) and 6 g. maleic anhydride heated 5 hrs. in 20 ml. MeOPh at 155° and the product recrystd. from C₆H₆ gave 1.21 g. 1,3-diphenyl- Δ^2 -pyrazoline-cis-4,5-dicarboxylic anhydride (XVI), m. 191-2° (decomposition) (determination made in preheated bath at 180°). Decomposition of II at 160-70° caused decomposition of XVI in 3 hrs. with formation of 35% 1,3-diphenylpyrazole. II (9.0 millimoles) heated in 5 g. trans-MeO₂CCH:CHCO₂Me with evolution of 0.94 moleequiv. N yielded 88% di-Me 1,3-diphenyl- Δ^2 -pyrazolinetrans-4,5-dicarboxylate (XVII), m. 148-50° (alc.), also prepared in 99% yield by treatment with III in C₆H₆ with NEt₃. XVI taken up in hot aqueous Na₂CO₃

and the dicarboxylic acid esterified with CH_2N_2 gave XVII. XVII (1.5 g.) refluxed 20 hrs. in xylene with 6.1 millimoles chloranil and the product crystallized from alc. gave 1.17 g. di-Me 1,3-diphenylpyrazole-4,5-dicarboxylate (XVIII), m. 151.2° . II (9.0 millimoles) in 5 g. cis-MeO₂CCH:CHCO₂Me heated, the excess ester distilled, and the residue fractionated from alc. yielded 51% XVII and 4% di-Me 1,3-dil)henyl- Δ^2 -pyrazolinecis-4,5-dicarboxylate, m. $141-3^\circ$, also produced in 72% yield by keeping XVI 3 days in dilute Me₂CO and esterifying the product with CH_2N_2 . II (9.0 millimoles) refluxed 6 hrs. in 20 ml. MeOPh containing 5.0 g. di-Mc malcic anhydride with evolution of 255 ml. N, the solvent and excess dipolarophile distilled, and the residue extracted with Et₂O gave 1.58 g. residue, recrystd. repeatedly from C₆H₁₂ to give 1,3diphenyl-4,5-dimethyl- Δ^2 -pyrazoline-cis-4,5-dicarboxylic anhydride, m. $138-4^\circ$. III (3.98 millimoles), 2.9 g. trans-MeO₂CMe:CMeco₂Me, and 1.5 ml. NEt₃ heated 2 days at 50° in a sealed tube and the product crystallized from MeOH yielded 74% di-Me 1,3-diphenyl-4,5-dimethyl- Δ^2 -pyrazoline- trans-4,5-dicarboxylate, m. $107.5-8.5^\circ$. Similarly III and 5 mole-equivs. cis-MeO₂CCMe:CMeco₂Me gave 33% di-Me 1,3-diphenyl-4,5-dimethyl- Δ^2 -pyrazoline-cis-4,5-dicarboxylate, m. $144-5^\circ$, also obtained from the cis-anhydride in 67% yield. II (9.0 millimoles) and 3 g. α -naphthoquinone heated 2 hrs. at $160-70^\circ$, the residue digested with Et₂O and crystallized from CHCl₃ yielded 85% 1,3-diphenyl-4,9-dioxo-4,9-dihydronaphtho[2,3-c]pyrazole, m. $257-9^\circ$. II (2.25 millimoles) refluxed 3 hrs. in 5 ml. MeOPh with 0.6 g. 2-methyl- α -naphthoquinone gave 0.27 g. 1,3-diphenyl-9a-methyl- 4,9 - dioxo-33,4,9,9a-tetrahydronaphtho[2,3-c]pyrazole, m. $245-7^\circ$ (CHCl₃), ν 1780 cm.⁻¹ The reciprocal action of I with the CC triple bond led directly to aromatic pyrazole systems. III (1.30 millimoles) in 3 ml. PhC:CH heated on a steam bath with dropwise addition of 1.0 ml. NEt₃, kept 1.5 hrs., the cooled mixture filtered from 95% Et₃NHCl, the filtrate distilled at $130-50^\circ/0.003$ mm., the red oil chromatographed on basic Al₂O₃, eluted with C₆H₆, and the middle fraction recrystd. from MeOH yielded 72% 1,3,5-triphenylpyrazole (XVIII), m. $138.5-9.5^\circ$. II (9.0 millimoles) heated 6 hrs. at $155-65^\circ$ with PhC:CPh with liberation of 235 ml. N gave 34% XIV, obtained only in 2.6% yield by treatment with III in C₆H₆ in the presence of Et₃N. II (9.0 millimoles) heated in 5 ml. HC:CCH(OPr)₂ and the product distilled at $190-205^\circ/0.001$ mm. gave 2.82 g. oily 1,3-diphenylpyrazole-5-aldehyde dipropyl acetal, hydrolyzed 48 hrs. at 20° in 20 ml. dioxane and 10 ml. 50% HCl to yield 79% 1,3-diphenyl-5-pyrazolecarboxaldehyde, m. $138-40^\circ$; 2,4-dinitrophenylhydrazone m. 260° (dcompn.). The aldehyde refluxed 2 hrs. in MeOCH₂CH₂OH with moist Ag₂O and the neutral and acidic products gave 35% IX. III with 2.5 mole-equivs. HC:CCO₂Me gave 71% Me 1,3-diphenyl-5-pyrazolecarboxylate, m. $111.512.5^\circ$ (MeOH), hydrolyzed quant. with KOH in MeOH to IX.

- II (5.4 millimoles) decomposed in 4 g. PhC:CCO₂Et yielded 84% di-Et 1,3,5-triphenyl-4-pyrazolecarboxylate, m. $144-5^\circ$ (alc.), saponified with KOH in MeOH to 90% 1,3,5-triphenyl-4-pyrazolecarboxylic acid, m. $239-41^\circ$ (decomposition) decarboxylated at 245° to XVIII. II (9.0 millimoles) and 5 ml. MeO₂CC:CCO₂Me heated and the product distilled at $210-30^\circ/0.001$ mm. yielded 56% di-Me 1,3-diphenylpyrazole-4,5-dicarboxylate, m. $153-4^\circ$, saponified to the dicarboxylic acid, m. $198-200^\circ$ (decomposition), neutralization equivalent 170, decarboxylated by heating 30 min. at 200° to give 1,3-diphenylpyrazole-4-carboxylic acid, m. $201-3^\circ$, neutralization equivalent 270° . Proof of cis addition and determination of the orientation

rules

represent contributions to the mechanism of 1,3-dipolar addition

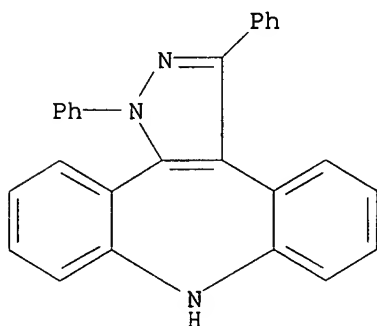
10/595,934

IT 85008-87-3P

RL: SPN (Synthetic preparation); PRP (Properties); PREP (Preparation)
(1,3-Dipolar addition. I. Diphenylnitrilimine and its 1,3-dipolar
additions to alkenes and alkynes)

RN 85008-87-3 HCAPLUS

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NAME)

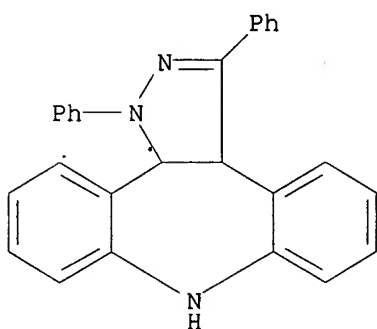


IT 85008-85-1P, Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine,
1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1,3-diphenyl-

RL: PREP (Preparation)
(preparation of)

RN 85008-85-1 HCAPLUS

CN Dibenzo[b,f]pyrazolo[3,4-d]azepine, 1,3a,8,12b-tetrahydro-1,3-diphenyl-
(CA INDEX NAME)

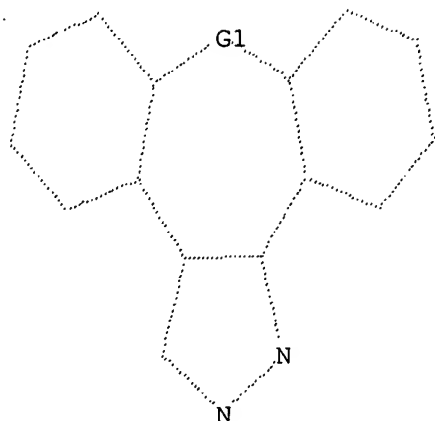


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L1 STR

10/595,934



G1 C,S,N

Structure attributes must be viewed using STN Express query preparation.

L2 94 SEA FILE=REGISTRY SSS FUL L1
L3 16 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L2
L5 1 SEA FILE=HCAPLUS ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND CNS

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(FILE 'HOME' ENTERED AT 11:21:10 ON 03 NOV 2009)

FILE 'REGISTRY' ENTERED AT 11:21:24 ON 03 NOV 2009

L1 STRUCTURE UPLOADED
DIS

L2 94 SEA SSS FUL L1

FILE 'HCAPLUS' ENTERED AT 11:22:08 ON 03 NOV 2009

L3 16 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L2
L4 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND NEUROTRANSMITTER
L5 1 SEA ABB=ON PLU=ON L3 AND CNS
D L3 IBIB ABS HITSTR 1-16
D QUE STAT

FILE HOME

FILE REGISTRY

Property values tagged with IC are from the ZIC/VINITI data file provided by InfoChem.

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